# CONTROL & RELAY PANEL

**CUSTOMER**
Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd.

**PROJECTS**

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SECTION I
SCOPE, SPECIFIC TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS AND QUANTITIES

1.0 SCOPE

This technical specification covers the requirements of design, manufacture and assembly, testing at manufacturer’s works, packing and dispatch of Control & Relay panel at 400kV Extension of Durgapur, Maithon, Biharshariff & 220/132kV Purnea Substation complete with accessories as listed below. Testing and Commissioning of all equipments including Protective relays shall be done by the OEM Engineer along with on site, local training to PGCIL engineers as specified in respective sections.

The fitments offered shall be of PGCIL approved make or its subsequent approval from PGCIL shall be bidder’s responsibility, with no commercial implications to BHEL. If any of the make offered by the bidder is not acceptable to M/s PGCIL, the bidder has to supply alternate PGCIL approved make, meeting the specification, with no commercial implications to BHEL.

All auxiliary relays, timers, counters, aux CTs, switches etc required for completeness of the scheme & good engineering are deemed to be included in the offer and no claim whatsoever shall be entertained at contract stage.

In case of any conflict between the technical details mentioned in this section and the remaining sections of this document, then Section-1 shall prevail and is to be considered as binding requirement.

1.1 The equipment is required for the following Project.

Name of customer : Power Grid Corporation of India Limited

Name of the project : Extension of 400kV Durgapur, Maithon, Biharshariff & 220/132V Purnea Substation

Refer Section - 3 for Project Details and General Specifications.

Note: The terms used in this specification namely ,”Employer/Purchaser” refers to PowerGrid, “Contractor “ refers to BHEL & “Supplier/Sub-contractor/Manufacturer” refers to successful bidder.

2.0 SPECIFIC TECHNICAL PARTICULARS

Extension of 400kV Durgapur Substation:

Complete control, relay and protection system for 400kV bus sectionaliser bays under present scope of work as per Section-II. The existing 400kV duplicate bus bar protection scheme at 400kV Durgapur substation is RADHA (Single busbar protection scheme for each bus with check zone) of M/s ABB make, which includes the trip relays for the bays coming under present scope of work. The same shall be modified for split-bus arrangement as per SLD under present scope of work. The CVT Supply for control, Protection, metering and synchronizing of the new buses are to be transferred to the new CVT.
**Extension of 400kV Maithon substation:**

Complete control, relay and protection system for 400kV bus sectionaliser bays under present scope of work as per Section-II. The existing 400kV duplicate bus bar protection scheme at 400kV Maithon substation is RADSS (single bus-bar protection scheme for each bus with check zone) of ABB make which includes the trip relays for the bays coming under present scope of work. The same shall be modified for split-bus arrangement as per SLD under present scope of work. The CVT Supply for control, Protection, metering and synchronizing of the new buses are to be transferred to the new CVT.

**Extension of 400kV Biharshariff substation:**

Complete control, relay and protection system for 400kV bus sectionaliser bays bay under present scope of work as per Section- II and modifications in existing control & protection schemes as detailed at point nos. (a), (b), (c) and (d) below. The existing 400kV bus bar protection scheme at Biharshariff S/S is RADSS (single bus-bar protection scheme for each bus) of ABB make which includes the trip relays for the bays coming under present scope of work. The same shall also to be modified for split-bus arrangement as per SLD under present scope of work. The CVT Supply for control, Protection, metering and synchronizing of the new buses are to be transferred to the new CVT.

(a) Necessary wiring/scheme modifications in existing control panel for 400kV Purnea-1 & 2 lines & 400kV Sasaram-3 & 4 lines suitable after swapping of these lines.

(b) Necessary wiring/scheme modifications in existing line protection panels , CB relay panels and PLCC panels for 400kV Purnea-1 & 2 lines & 400kV Sasaram-3 & 4 lines suitable after swapping of these lines.

(c) Necessary wiring/scheme modifications in existing control panel for 400kV Kahalgaon-1 line & 400kV Sasaram-1 line suitable after swapping of these lines.

(d) Necessary wiring/scheme modifications in existing line protection panels , CB relay panels and PLCC panels for 400kV Kahalgaon-1 line & 400kV Sasaram-1 line suitable after swapping of these lines.

Complete control, relay and protection system for 400kV, 125 MVAR Bus Reactor bay under present scope of work as per Section-II. The existing 400kV bus bar protection scheme at Biharshariff S/S is RADSS (single bus-bar protection scheme for each bus) of ABB make. The contractor shall provide necessary interfacing module for providing CT inputs, trip relays, wiring etc. complete in all respect in the existing busbar protection scheme for the extension bays under present scope. Controlled switching device for main & Tie breakers of bays under present scope.

**Extension of 220/132kV Purnea sub-station:**

Control, Relay and protection system for 220kV & 132kV bays under present scope as per Section-II. Dismantling of existing panels and Repair/Modification work in Control room for fixing of panels to be supplied in present scope including covering of gap and floor finishing.

Complete Control, Relay & Protection System for 400 kV bays under present scope including augmentation of existing Bus Bar protection relays for bays under present scope. Required Bay units of Bus bar relay for bays under present scope are included under present scope. Existing distributed Bus Bar relay is of REB500 of ABB make.
2.1 In addition, following points to be noted by the bidder:

i) The scope for relay setting shall be as follows:

   a) Conducting the relay setting calculations and determination of the recommended relay settings shall be in bidder’s scope. The relay settings shall be submitted in the OEM’s format along with supporting calculations for approval of POWERGRID during contract stage.

   b) Providing all the inputs pertaining to protection relay settings shall be in POWERGRID scope.

ii) Necessary site visits for collecting inputs for interfacing with the existing sub-station are included in the bidder’s scope for this tender.

iii) Dimension and color of C&R panels at all the substations shall match with existing panels.

iv) Wherever bidder offers any spare in lieu of the same being “Built-in feature” of any relay/fitment or the same being “Not applicable” is subject to approval by POWERGRID. No price implication will be entertained by BHEL at contract stage if any separate item is insisted by POWERGRID to meet the contract requirement.

v) Bidder to note that the GTP, Make & type of fitments, Bill of material of the offered Control & Relay Panels and their mandatory spares are subject to POWERGRID approval at the contract stage. No price implications will be entertained by BHEL at contract stage.

vi) Augmentation of existing Busbar protection will also require change in relay settings of existing Busbar Protection relay which is in the scope of bidder.

3.0 TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS:

(i) The manufacturer whose Control, Relay & Protection System (Control & protection Intelligent Electronic Devices (IEDs)), and Sub-station Automation are offered should have designed, manufactured, tested, installed and commissioned Control, Relay & Protection system along with Sub-station Automation System which must be in satisfactory operation on (i) 400 kV system [for 765kV substation] & (ii) specified voltage level or above [for 400kV & below substation] for at least 2 (two) years on the date of LOA i.e. 08.08.13.

   AND

(ii) The Manufacturer or their joint venture or subsidiary company must have established repair, testing and integration (for at least 4 bays) facilities for Control, relay & protection System and Sub-station Automation System in India.

(iii) The Vendor/Manufacturer should have valid MQP number approved by PGCIL.
4.0 **TRAINING:**

a) The supplier shall give training in the field of philosophy of Control & Protection to for two (2) days in the form of tutorial to Employer’s personnel at Employer’s corporate centre.

b) Further, the supplier shall also impart training to Employer’s personnel at sub-station site in the field of erection, testing, operation and maintenance of Relay & Protection for five (5) days.

Charges for Tutorials & other training materials at each substation shall also be included in the price quoted by the bidder.

However, the travel lodging, & boarding expenses of employers personnel, if any shall be done by Employer.

5.0 **PRECOMMISSIONING, COMMISSIONING, TRIAL-RUN & COMPLETION**

a. PRECOMMISSIONING: As per requirements specified in Section II.

b. COMMISSIONING:

Charging of the facilities at rated voltage. Further, wherever appearing in this specification, the words –‘commissioning checks’, ‘installation checks’, ‘site tests’, ‘Performance guarantee tests for fire protection system’, are to be considered as ‘pre commissioning checks’.

c. TRIAL-RUN:

Operation of the facilities or any part thereof by the Contractor immediately after the Commissioning for a continuous period of 72(Seventy two) hours continuously. In case of interruption due to problem /failure in the equipment, the equipment manufacturer shall rectify the problem and after rectification, continuous 72 (Seventy two) hours period start after such rectification.

d. COMPLETION:

Upon successful completion of Trial-run.

e. The respective dates of commencement of erection, pre-commissioning, commissioning and trial – run activity by BHEL will be intimated to the equipment manufacturer from time to time, so that arrangements for supervising the activity can be made accordingly by the manufacturer.

6.0 **BILL OF QUANTITY:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Total Quantity</th>
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<tr>
<td>A)</td>
<td>Split bus arrangement for various substations in eastern region</td>
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<tr>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>For Durgapur Substation: Control &amp; Relay Panel (without Automation / Conventional)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
1.1 400kV Control Panel for two bus bars

1.2 400kV Circuit Breaker Relay Panel without Auto-Reclose

1.3 Bus Bar protection panel (Duplicate) as per technical specification

1.4 Common equipments pertaining to C&R system

1.4.1 Relay test kit (As per clause 32 of section II of TS)

1.4.2 Common equipments (Analogue Voltage, Frequency Recorder, Digital voltage and frequency meters for 400 kV system)

2.0 For Maithon Substation:
   Control & Relay Panel (without Automation / Conventional)

2.1 400kV Control Panel for two bus bars

2.2 400kV Circuit Breaker Relay Panel without Auto-Reclose

2.3 Bus Bar protection panel (Duplicate) as per technical specification

2.4 Common equipments pertaining to C&R system

2.4.1 Relay test kit (As per clause 32 of section II of TS)

2.4.2 Common equipments (Analogue Voltage, Frequency Recorder, Digital voltage and frequency meters for 400 kV system)

3.0 For Biharshariff Substation:
   Control & Relay Panel (without Automation / Conventional)

3.1 400kV Control Panel for two bus bars

3.2 400kV Circuit Breaker Relay Panel without Auto-Reclose

3.3 Bus Bar protection panel (Duplicate) as per technical specification

3.5 Common equipments pertaining to C&R system

3.5.1 Relay test kit (As per clause 32 of section II of TS)
### 3.5.2 Common equipments (Analogue Voltage, Frequency Recorder, Digital voltage and frequency meters for 400 kV system)

<table>
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<th>B)</th>
<th>Provision of transformers and reactors in eastern and northern region.</th>
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### 4.0 For Biharshariff Substation:
**Control & Relay Panel (without Automation / Conventional)**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>4.1</th>
<th>400kV Circuit Breaker Relay Panel without Auto-Reclose</th>
<th>No.</th>
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<td>Reactor Protection panel</td>
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<th>Common equipments pertaining to C&amp;R system</th>
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<td>4.3.1</td>
<td>Relay test kit (As per clause 32 of section II of TS)</td>
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<td>4.4</td>
<td>Augmentation of existing control panels as per technical specification</td>
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<td>4.5</td>
<td>Augmentation of existing busbar protection as per technical specification</td>
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### 5.0 For Purnea Substation:
**Control & Relay Panels (Duplex)**

<table>
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<th>5.1</th>
<th>220kV Transformer Protection Panel</th>
<th>Nos.</th>
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<tr>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>132kV Transformer Protection Panel</td>
<td>Nos.</td>
<td>2</td>
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<td>5.3</td>
<td>Common equipments pertaining to C&amp;R system</td>
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<tr>
<td>5.3.1</td>
<td>Relay test kit (As per clause 32 of section II of TS)</td>
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### 6.0 Services-

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<th>For Durgapur Substation: Services : (CB wise)</th>
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<td>Testing and Commissioning of protection relays at site. Scope shall be as follows:</td>
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<td></td>
<td>a) Testing &amp; commissioning of main protection relays and Busbar protection including Relay parameterization and configuration</td>
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<td></td>
<td>b) Arranging all necessary tools &amp; tackles and equipment for testing of relays and communication infrastructure including automatic 3-phase relay test kit shall be bidder’s responsibility.</td>
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<tr>
<td>For Maithon Substation:</td>
<td>Services: (CB wise)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Testing and Commissioning of protection relays at site.</td>
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<td>b) Arranging all necessary tools &amp; tackles and equipment for testing of relays and communication infrastructure including automatic 3-phase relay test kit shall be bidder’s responsibility.</td>
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<td>c) For network/optical cables which are in the bidder's scope, the laying of cables shall be in BHEL scope. However, Optical cable will be laid under bidder's supervision. Splicing and Termination shall be in bidder's scope.</td>
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| Lot 2 |

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<th>For Biharshariff Substation:</th>
<th>Services: (CB wise)</th>
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<tr>
<td>Testing and Commissioning of protection relays at site.</td>
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<p>| Lot 3 |</p>
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<th>6.1.3.b</th>
<th>Testing &amp; Commissioning services for the bays undergoing swapping as per the technical specification</th>
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For Purnea Substation:  
Services : (CB wise)  

Testing and Commissioning of protection relays at site. Scope shall be as follows:  

a) Testing & commissioning of main protection relays and Busbar protection including Relay parameterization and configuration  

b) Arranging all necessary tools & tackles and equipment for testing of relays and communication infrastructure including automatic 3-phase relay test kit shall be bidder’s responsibility.  

c) For network/optical cables which are in the bidder's scope, the laying of cables shall be in BHEL scope. However, Optical cable will be laid under bidder's supervision. Splicing and Termination shall be in bidder's scope.  

| 6.1.4 | Lot | 4 |

| 6.2.1 | For Durgapur Substation:  
Services (Engineering) :  
a) Interfacing with existing 400 kV Busbar Protection in all respect  
b) Site visits for collecting inputs for interfacing with the existing sub-station  
c) Relay Setting Calculation  
d) Scheme modification of existing Bays and documentation as per technical specification. | Lot | 1 |

| 6.2.2 | For Maithon Substation:  
Services (Engineering) :  
a) Interfacing with existing 400 kV Busbar Protection in all respect  
b) Site visits for collecting inputs for interfacing with the existing sub-station  
d) Relay Setting Calculation  
d) Scheme modification of existing Bays and documentation as per technical specification. | Lot | 1 |
### 6.2.3 For Biharshariff Substation:

**Services (Engineering):**

- a) Interfacing with existing 400 kV Busbar Protection and existing ICT#2-Tie bay control & protection in all respect
- b) Site visits for collecting inputs for interfacing with the existing sub-station
- c) Relay Setting Calculation
- d) Scheme modification of existing Bays and documentation as per technical specification.

| Lot | 1 |

### 6.2.4 For Purnea Substation:

**Services (Engineering):**

- a) Interfacing with existing 220kV & 132 kV Busbar Protection in all respect
- b) Site visits for collecting inputs for interfacing with the existing sub-station
- c) Relay Setting Calculation
- d) Scheme modification of existing Bays and documentation as per technical specification.

| Lot | 1 |

### 6.3.1 For Durgapur Substation:

**Services:** Training Charges

| Lot | 1 |

### 6.3.2 For Maithon Substation:

**Services:** Training Charges

| Lot | 1 |

### 6.3.3 For Biharshariff Substation:

**Services:** Training Charges

| Lot | 1 |

### 6.3.4 For Purnea Substation:

**Services:** Training Charges

| Lot | 1 |

### 7.0 Mandatory spares

### A) Split bus arrangement for various substations in eastern region

| 7.1 For Durgapur Substation: Common spares: Power supply module for Bus Bar protection | No. | 1 |
### 7.2 For Maithon Substation:
Common spares:
- Power supply module for Bus Bar protection

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### 7.3 For Biharshariff Substation:
Common spares:
- Power supply module for Bus Bar protection

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### B) Provision of transformers and reactors in eastern and northern region.

### 7.4 For Biharshariff Substation:
- Reactor protection panel spares
- Reactor differential protection relay

### 7.5 For Biharshariff Substation:
- Reactor protection panel spares
- Reactor backup impedance relay

### 7.6 For Biharshariff Substation:
- Reactor protection panel spares
- REF relay with non-linear resistor

### 7.7 For Purnea Substation:
- Transformer protection panel
- Transformer differential protection

### 7.8 For Purnea Substation:
- Transformer protection panel
- REF protection relay with non-linear resistor

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**Note:**

- a) If any additional item as per the specification is required to be supplied for completion of the system over and above the item indicated above, the same shall be indicated clearly in the offer. Otherwise, the same shall be deemed to be included in the offer.
- b) Panels at S.no. 5.1 & 5.2 above is inclusive of all fitments applicable to Control Panels, Protection Panels, Breaker Relay Panel & peripheral unit compatible with existing REB 500 Busbar Protection scheme.
- c) Bus Bar Protection wherever offered is inclusive of network cabling, FO cables, patch cords, connectors, TEE’s etc. as applicable. It is the Bidders responsibility to assess the quantity for the same and include in the offer.
- d) Collection and coordination of scheme drawings from site / PGCIL corporate office is in the scope of the bidder. BHEL will extend all its possible support.
- e) Testing & Commissioning services for interface between Bus-bar protection and all relevant existing bays is deemed to be included in offered price of services.
- f) Common equipment shall be panel mounted.

### 7.0 TYPE TESTING, INSPECTION, TESTING & INSPECTION CERTIFICATE

All equipment being supplied shall conform to type tests including additional type tests as per technical specification and shall be subject to routine tests in accordance with requirements stipulated under respective sections. The reports for all type tests and additional type tests as per technical specification shall be furnished by the bidder alongwith equipment/material drawings. The type tests conducted earlier should have either been conducted in accredited laboratory (accredited based on ISO / IEC Guide 25 / 17025 or EN 45001 by the national accreditation body of the country where laboratory is located) or witnessed by POWERGRID or representative authorized by POWERGRID or Utility or representative of accredited test lab or reputed consultant.
The test reports submitted shall be of the tests conducted within last 10 (ten) years prior to the date of LOA i.e. 08.08.13. In case the test reports are of the test conducted earlier than 10 (ten) years prior to the date of LOA, the contractor shall repeat these test(s) at no extra cost to the purchaser.

In the event of any discrepancy in the test reports i.e. any test report not acceptable due to any design/manufacturing changes (including substitution of components) or due to non-compliance with the requirement stipulated in the Technical Specification or any/all additional type tests not carried out, same shall be carried out without any additional cost implication to the Purchaser.

8.0 **DEVIATIONS:**

The bidder shall list all the deviation from the specification separately. Offers without specific deviation will be deemed to be totally in compliance with the specification and NO DEVIATION on any account will be entertained at a later date.

9.0 **MANUFACTURING QUALITY PLAN:**

Bidder has to follow Power Grid approved Manufacturing Quality Plan, SAT /FAT procedure at contract stage.

10.0 **DRAWINGS and SCHEME**

The documentation requirements detailed under clause 9.0 of Section-II Annexure-B shall be submitted to BHEL at various stages of contract. Softcopy of the drawings and schemes are to be submitted at contract stage. Preparation of AS- BUILT drawings is also in the scope of the bidder.

11.0 **DOCUMENTS REQUIRED WITH OFFER**

a) Clause-wise confirmation/ comments.
b) Bill of Material.
c) Un-priced schedule as per BOQ at clause 6.0
d) Filled up Guaranteed Technical Particulars
e) Catalogue and Technical Leaflets for the offered Equipments
SECTION: CONTROL, RELAY & PROTECTION PANELS

1. TYPE OF PANELS

1.1 Simplex Panel

Simplex panel shall consist of a vertical front panel with equipment mounted thereon and having wiring access from rear for control panels & front-for relay/protection panels. In case of panel having width more than 800mm, double leaf-doors shall be provided. Doors shall have handles with either built-in locking facility or will be provided with pad-lock.

1.2 Duplex Panel

Duplex panel shall be walk-in tunnel type comprising two vertical front and rear panel sections connected back-on-back by formed sheet steel roof tie members and a central corridor in between. The corridor shall facilitate access to internal wiring and external cable connections. In case of number of duplex panels located in a row side by side, the central corridor shall be aligned to form a continuous passage. Both ends of the corridor shall be provided with double leaf doors with lift off hinges. Doors shall have handles either with built-in locking facility or shall be provided with pad-locks. Separate cable entries shall be provided for the front and rear panels. However, inter-connections between front and back panels shall be by means of inter panel wiring at the top of the panel.

2. CONSTRUCTIONAL FEATURES

2.1. Control and Relay Board shall be of panels of simplex or duplex type design as indicated in bill of quantity. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to ensure that the equipment specified and such unspecified complementary equipment required for completeness of the protective/control schemes be properly accommodated in the panels without congestion and if necessary, either more number of panels or provide panels with larger dimensions. No price increase at a later date on this account shall be allowed. However, the width of panels that are being offered to be placed in existing switchyard control rooms, should be in conformity with the space availability in the control room.

2.2. Panels shall be completely metal enclosed and shall be dust, moisture and vermin proof. The enclosure shall provide a degree of protection not less than IP-31 in accordance with IS: 2147.

2.3. Panels shall be free standing, floor mounting type and shall comprise structural frames completely enclosed with specially selected smooth finished, cold rolled sheet steel of thickness not less than 3 mm for weight bearing members of the panels such as base frame, front sheet and door frames, and 2.0mm for sides, door, top and bottom portions. There shall be sufficient reinforcement to provide level transportation and installation.
2.4. All doors, removable covers of panels shall be gasketed all around with synthetic gaskets Neoprene/EPDM generally conforming with provision of IS 11149. However, XLPE gaskets can also be used for fixing protective glass doors. Ventilating louvers, if provided shall have screens and filters. The screens shall be made of either brass or GI wire mesh.

2.5. Design, materials selection and workmanship shall be such as to result in neat appearance, inside and outside with no welds, rivets or bolt head apparent from outside, with all exterior surfaces tune and smooth.

2.6. Panels shall have base frame with smooth bearing surface, which shall be fixed on the embedded foundation channels/insert plates. Anti vibration strips made of shock absorbing materials that shall be supplied by the contractor, which shall be placed between panel & base frame.

2.7. Cable entries to the panels shall be from the bottom. Cable gland plate fitted on the bottom of the panel shall be connected to earthing of the panel/station through a flexible braided copper conductor rigidly.

2.8. Relay/protection panels of modern modular construction would also be acceptable.

3. MOUNTING

3.1. All equipment on and in panels shall be mounted and completely wired to the terminal blocks ready for external connections. The equipment on front of panel shall be mounted flush.

3.2. Equipment shall be mounted such that removal and replacement can be accomplished individually without interruption of service to adjacent devices and are readily accessible without use of special tools. Terminal marking on the equipment shall be clearly visible.

3.3. The Contractor shall carry out cut out, mounting and wiring of the free issue items supplied by others which are to be mounted in his panel in accordance with the corresponding equipment manufacturer’s drawings. Cut outs if any, provided for future mounting of equipment shall be properly blanked off with blanking plate.

3.4. The centre lines of switches, push buttons and indicating lamps shall be not less than 750mm from the bottom of the panel. The centre lines of relays, meters and recorders shall be not less than 450mm from the bottom of the panel.

3.5. The centre lines of switches, push buttons and indicating lamps shall be matched to give a neat and uniform appearance. Like wise the top lines of all meters, relays and recorders etc. shall be matched.

3.6. No equipment shall be mounted on the doors.

3.7. At existing station, panels shall be matched with other panels in the control room in respect of dimensions, colour, appearance and arrangement of equipment (centre lines of switches, push buttons and other equipment) on the front of the panel.

4. PANEL INTERNAL WIRING
4.1. Panels shall be supplied complete with interconnecting wiring provided between all electrical devices mounted and wired in the panels and between the devices and terminal blocks for the devices to be connected to equipment outside the panels. When panels are arranged to be located adjacent to each other all inter panel wiring and connections between the panels shall be carried out internally.

4.2. All wiring shall be carried out with 650V grade, single core, stranded copper conductor wires with PVC insulation. The minimum size of the multi-stranded copper conductor used for internal wiring shall be as follows:

- All circuits except current transformer circuits and voltage transfer circuits meant for energy metering - one 1.5mm sq. per lead.
- All current transformer circuits - one 2.5 sq.mm per lead.
- Voltage transformer circuit (for energy meters): Two 2.5 mm sq. per lead.

4.3. All internal wiring shall be securely supported, neatly arranged, readily accessible and connected to equipment terminals and terminal blocks. Wiring gutters & troughs shall be used for this purpose.

4.4. Auxiliary bus wiring for AC and DC supplies, voltage transformer circuits, annunciation circuits and other common services shall be provided near the top of the panels running throughout the entire length of the panels.

4.5. Wire termination shall be made with solderless crimping type and tinned copper lugs, which firmly grip the conductor. Insulated sleeves shall be provided at all the wire terminations. Engraved core identification plastic ferrules marked to correspond with panel wiring diagram shall be fitted at both ends of each wire. Ferrules shall fit tightly on the wire and shall not fall off when the wire is disconnected from terminal blocks. All wires directly connected to trip circuit breaker or device shall be distinguished by the addition of red coloured unlettered ferrule.

4.6. Longitudinal troughs extending throughout the full length of the panel shall be preferred for inter panel wiring. Inter-connections to adjacent panel shall be brought out to a separate set of terminal blocks located near the slots of holes meant for taking the inter-connecting wires.

4.7. Contractor shall be solely responsible for the completeness and correctness of the internal wiring and for the proper functioning of the connected equipments.

5. TERMINAL BLOCKS

5.1. All internal wiring to be connected to external equipment shall terminate on terminal blocks. Terminal blocks shall be 650 V grade and have 10 Amps. continuous rating, moulded piece, complete with insulated barriers, stud type terminals, washers, nuts and lock nuts. Markings on the terminal blocks shall correspond to wire number and terminal numbers on the wiring diagrams. All terminal blocks shall have shrouding with transparent unbreakable material.
5.2. Disconnecting type terminal blocks for current transformer and voltage transformer secondary leads shall be provided. Also current transformer secondary leads shall be provided with short circuiting and earthing facilities.

5.3. At least 20% spare terminals shall be provided on each panel and these spare terminals shall be uniformly distributed on all terminal blocks.

5.4. Unless otherwise specified, terminal blocks shall be suitable for connecting the following conductors of external cable on each side

- All CT & PT circuits: minimum of two of 2.5mm Sq. copper.
- AC/DC Power Supply Circuits: One of 6mm Sq. Aluminium.
- All other circuits: minimum of one of 2.5mm Sq. Copper.

5.5. There shall be a minimum clearance of 250mm between the first row of terminal blocks and the associated cable gland plate or panel side wall. Also the clearance between two rows of terminal blocks edges shall be minimum of 150mm.

5.6. Arrangement of the terminal block assemblies and the wiring channel within the enclosure shall be such that a row of terminal blocks is run in parallel and close proximity along each side of the wiring-duct to provide for convenient attachment of internal panel wiring. The side of the terminal block opposite the wiring duct shall be reserved for the external cable connections. All adjacent terminal blocks shall also share this field wiring corridor. All wiring shall be provided with adequate support inside the panels to hold them firmly and to enable free and flexible termination without causing strain on terminals.

5.7. The number and sizes of the Owner's multi core incoming external cables will be furnished to the Contractor after placement of the order. All necessary cable terminating accessories such as gland plates, supporting clamps & brackets, wiring troughs and gutters etc. (except glands & lugs) for external cables shall be included in the scope of supply.

6. PAINTING

The painting shall be carried out as detailed in Section–GTR.

7. MIMIC DIAGRAM

7.1. Coloured mimic diagram and symbols showing the exact representation of the system shall be provided in the front of control panels.

7.2. Mimic diagram shall be made preferably of anodised aluminium or plastic of approved fast colour material, which shall be screwed on to the panel and can be easily cleaned. The mimic bus shall be 2mm thick. The width of the mimic bus shall be 10mm for bus bars and 7mm for other connections. Painted overlaid mimic is also acceptable.

7.3. Mimic bus colour will be decided during detailed Engineering by the POWERGRID.

7.4. When semaphore indicators are used for equipment position, they shall be so mounted in the mimic that the equipment in close position shall complete the continuity of mimic.
7.5. Indicating lamp, one for each phase, for each bus shall be provided on the mimic to indicate bus charged condition

8. **NAME PLATES AND MARKINGS**

8.1. All equipment mounted on front and rear side as well as equipment mounted inside the panels shall be provided with individual name plates with equipment designation engraved. Also on the top of each panel on front as well as rear side, large and bold nameplates shall be provided for circuit/feeder designation.

8.2. All front mounted equipment shall also be provided at the rear with individual name plates engraved with tag numbers corresponding to the one shown in the panel internal wiring to facilitate easy tracing of the wiring.

8.3. Each instrument and meter shall be prominently marked with the quantity measured e.g. KV, A, MW, etc. All relays and other devices shall be clearly marked with manufacturer's name, manufacturer's type, serial number and electrical rating data.

8.4. Name Plates shall be made of non-rusting metal or 3 ply lamicoid. Name plates shall be black with white engraving lettering.

8.5. Each switch shall bear clear inscription identifying its function e.g. 'BREAKER' '52A', "SYNCHRONISING" etc. Similar inscription shall also be provided on each device whose function is not otherwise identified. If any switch device does not bear this inscription separate name plate giving its function shall be provided for it. Switch shall also have clear inscription for each position indication e.g. "Trip- Neutral-Close", "ON-OFF", "R-Y-B-OFF" etc

8.6. All the panels shall be provided with name plate mounted inside the panel bearing LOA No & Date, Name of the Substation & feeder and reference drawing number.

9. **MISCELLANEOUS ACCESSORIES**

9.1. **Plug Point**: 240V, Single phase 50Hz, AC socket with switch suitable to accept 5 Amps and 15 Amps pin round standard Indian plug, shall be provided in the interior of each cubicle with ON-OFF switch.

9.2. **Interior Lighting**: Each panel shall be provided with a fluorescent lighting fixture rated for 240 Volts, single phase, 50 Hz supply for the interior illumination of the panel controlled by the respective panel door switch. Adequate lighting shall also be provided for the corridor in Duplex panels.

9.3. **Switches and Fuses**: Each panel shall be provided with necessary arrangements for receiving, distributing and isolating of DC and AC supplies for various control, signaling, lighting and space heater circuits. The incoming and sub-circuits shall be separately provided with Fuses. Selection of the main and sub-circuit Fuses rating shall be such as to ensure selective clearance of sub-circuit faults. Voltage transformer circuits for relaying and metering shall be protected by fuses. All fuses shall be HRC cartridge type conforming to IS: 13703 mounted on plug-in type fuse bases. The short time fuse rating of Fuses shall be not less than 9 KA. Fuse carrier base shall have imprints of the fuse 'rating' and
'voltage'.

9.4. **Space Heater:** Each panel shall be provided with a thermostatically connected space heater rated for 240V, single phase, 50 Hz AC supply for the internal heating of the panel to prevent condensation of moisture. The fittings shall be complete with switch unit.

10. **EARTHING**

10.1. All panels shall be equipped with an earth bus securely fixed. Location of earth bus shall ensure no radiation interference from earth systems under various switching conditions of isolators and breakers. The material and the sizes of the bus bar shall be at least 25 X 6 sq.mm copper with threaded holes at a gap of 50 mm with provision of bolts and nuts for connection with cable armours and mounted equipment etc for effective earthing. When several panels are mounted adjoining each other, the earth bus shall be made continuous and necessary connectors and clamps for this purpose shall be included in the scope of supply of Contractor. Provision shall be made for extending the earth bus bars to future adjoining panels on either side.

10.2. Provision shall be made on each bus bar of the end panels for connecting Substation earthing grid. Necessary terminal clamps and connectors for this purpose shall be included in the scope of supply of Contractor.

10.3. All metallic cases of relays, instruments and other panel mounted equipment including gland plate, shall be connected to the earth bus by copper wires of size not less than 2.5 sq. mm. The colour code of earthing wires shall be green.

10.4. Looping of earth connections which would result in loss of earth connection to other devices when the loop is broken, shall not be permitted. However, looping of earth connections between equipment to provide alternative paths to earth bus shall be provided.

10.5. VT and CT secondary neutral or common lead shall be earthed at one place only at the terminal blocks where they enter the panel. Such earthing shall be made through links so that earthing may be removed from one group without disturbing continuity of earthing system for other groups.

10.6. An electrostatic discharge arrangement shall be provided in each panel so as to discharge human body before he handles the equipments inside the panels.

11. **INDICATING INSTRUMENTS & TRANSDUCERS FOR CONTROL PANEL:**

All instruments, meters and transducers shall be enclosed in dust proof, moisture resistant, black finished cases and shall be suitable for tropical use. All megawatt, megavar, Bus voltage and frequency indicating instruments shall be provided with individual transducers and these shall be calibrated along with transducers to read directly the primary quantities. They shall be accurately adjusted and calibrated at works and shall have means of calibration check and adjustment at site. The supplier shall submit calibration certificates at the time of delivery.
However no separate transducers are envisaged for digital bus
voltmeters and digital frequency meters and the indicating meters
provided in the synchronising equipment.

11.1. **Indicating Instruments**

11.1.1. Unless otherwise specified, all electrical indicating instruments shall be of
digital type suitable for flush mounting.

11.1.2. Instruments shall have 4-digit display; display height being not less than
25 mm

11.1.3. Instrument shall confirm to relevant IS and shall have an accuracy class
of 1.5 or better. Watt and Var meters shall have an indication of (+) and (-
) to indicate EXPORT and IMPORT respectively.

11.1.4. Digital voltage and frequency meters shall be of class: 0.5 and shall have
digital display of 5 and 4 digits respectively, with display size, not less
than 25mm (height).

11.2. **Transducers**

11.2.1. Transducers (for use with Indicating Instruments and Telemetry/Data
Communication application) shall in general conform to IEC:688-1

11.2.2. The transducers shall be suitable for measurement of active power,
reactive power, voltage, current and frequency in three phase four wire
unbalanced system.

11.2.3. The input to the transducers will be from sub-station current & potential
transformers. The output shall be in milli ampere D.C. proportional to the
input & it shall be possible to feed the output current directly to the
telemetry terminal or indicating instruments.

11.2.4. The transducer characteristic shall be linear throughout the measuring
range.

11.2.5. The transducer output shall be load independent.

11.2.6. The input & output of the transducer shall be galvanically isolated.

11.2.7. Each transducer shall be housed in a separate compact case and have
suitable terminals for inputs & outputs.

11.2.8. The transducers shall be suitably protected against transient high peaks
of voltage & current.

11.2.9. The transducer shall withstand indefinitely without damage and work
satisfactorily at 120% of the rated voltage and 120% of the rated input
current as applicable.

11.2.10. All the transducers shall have an output of 4-20 mA.

11.2.11. The response time of the transducers shall be less than 1 second.

11.2.12. The accuracy class of transducers shall be 1.0 or better for
voltage/current transducer, 0.5 or better for watt/VAR transducer and 0.2
or better for frequency transducer.

11.2.13. The transducers shall have a low AC ripple on output less than 1%.

11.2.14. The transducer shall have dual output.
12. ANNUNCIATION SYSTEM for Control Panel

12.1. Alarm annunciation system shall be provided in the control board by means of visual and audible alarm in order to draw the attention of the operator to the abnormal operating conditions or the operation of some protective devices. The annunciation equipment shall be suitable for operation on the voltages specified in this specification.

12.2. The visual annunciation shall be provided by annunciation facia, mounted flush on the top of the control panels.

12.3. The annunciation facia shall be provided with translucent plastic window for alarm point with approximate size of 35mm x 50mm. The facia plates shall be engraved in black lettering with respective inscriptions. Alarm inscriptions shall be engraved on each window in not more than three lines and size of the lettering shall not be less than 5 mm.

12.4. Each annunciation window shall be provided with two white lamps in parallel to provide safety against lamp failure. Long life lamps shall be used. The transparency of cover plates and wattage of the lamps provided in the facia windows shall be adequate to ensure clear visibility of the inscriptions in the control room having high illumination intensity (350 Lux), from the location of the operator's desk.

12.5. All Trip facia shall have red colour and all Non-trip facia shall have white colour.

12.6. The audible alarm shall be provided by Buzzer/ Hooter /Bell having different sounds and shall be used as follows.

- Hooter: Alarm Annunciation
- Bell: Annunciation DC failure
- Buzzer: AC supply failure

12.7. Sequence of operation of the annunciator shall be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. NO.</th>
<th>Alarm Condition</th>
<th>Fault Contact</th>
<th>Visual Annunciation</th>
<th>Audible Annunciation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Normal</td>
<td>Open</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Abnormal</td>
<td>Close</td>
<td>Flashing</td>
<td>ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Accept Push Button Pressed</td>
<td>Close</td>
<td>Steady On</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Open</td>
<td>Steady On</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Reset Push Button Pressed</td>
<td>Close</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Open</td>
<td>Off</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Lamp Test Push Button Pressed</td>
<td>Open</td>
<td>Steady On</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.8. Audible annunciation for the failure of DC supply to the annunciation system shall be provided and this annunciation shall operate on 240 Volts AC supply. On failure of the DC to the annunciation system for more than 2 or 3 seconds (adjustable setting), a bell shall sound.
separate push button shall be provided for the cancellation of this audible alarm alone but the facia window shall remain steadily lighted till the supply to annunciation system is restored.

12.9. A separate voltage check relay shall be provided to monitor the failure of supply (240V AC) to the scheme mentioned in Clause above. If the failure of supply exists for more than 2 to 3 seconds, this relay shall initiate visual and audible annunciation. Visual and audible annunciation for the failure of AC supply to the annunciation system shall be provided and this annunciation shall operate on Annunciation DC and buzzer shall sound.

12.10. The annunciation system described above shall meet the following additional requirements:

a) The annunciation system shall be capable of catering to at least 20 simultaneous signals at a time.

b) One set of the following push buttons shall be provided on each control panel:
   - Reset push button for annunciation system
   - Accept push button for annunciation system
   - Lamp test push button for testing the facia windows

c) One set of the following items shall be provided common for all the control panel (not applicable for extension of substation):
   - Flasher relay for annunciation system
   - Push button for Flasher test
   - Three Push buttons for test of all audible alarm systems

d) These testing circuits shall be so connected that while testing is being done, it shall not prevent the registering of any new annunciation that may land during the test.

e) The annunciation shall be repetitive type and shall be capable of registering the fleeting signal. Minimum duration of the fleeting signal registered by the system shall be 15 milli seconds.

f) In case of static annunciator scheme, special precaution shall be taken to ensure that spurious alarm condition does not appear due to influence of external electromagnetic/ electrostatic interference on the annunciator wiring and switching disturbances from the neighbouring circuits within the panels and the static annunciator shall meet the high voltage susceptibility test, impulse voltage with stand test, high frequency disturbance test– class III and fast transient disturbance test–level III as per IEC 60255.

12.11. The annunciation system to be supplied for existing sub-stations shall be engineered as an extension to the existing scheme.

13. SWITCHES

13.1. Control and instrument switches shall be rotary operated type with escutcheon plates clearly marked to show operating position and circuit
designation plates and suitable for flush mounting with only switch front plate and operating handle projecting out.

13.2. The selection of operating handles for the different types of switches shall be as follows:

Breaker, Isolator control switches

Synchronising switches : Pistol grip, black

Synchronising Selector switches : Oval or knob, black

Instrument switches : Round, knurled, black

Protection Transfer switch : Pistole grip, lockable and black.

13.3. The control switch of breaker and isolator shall be of spring return to neutral type. The switch shall have spring return from close and trip positions to "after close" and "after trip" positions respectively.

13.4. Instrument selection switches shall be of maintained contact (stay put) type. Ammeter selection switches shall have make-before-break type contacts so as to prevent open circuiting of CT secondary when changing the position of the switch. Voltmeter transfer switches for AC shall be suitable for reading all line- to-line and line-to-neutral voltages for non-effectively earthed systems and for reading all line to line voltages for effectively earthed systems.

13.5. Synchronising switches shall be of maintained contact (stay put) type having a common removable handle for a group of switches. The handle shall be removable only in the OFF position and it shall be co-ordinated to fit in to all the synchronising switches. These switches shall be arranged to connect the synchronising equipment when turned to the 'ON' position. One contact of each switch shall be connected in the closing circuit of the respective breaker so that the breaker cannot be closed until the switch is turned to the 'ON' position.

13.6. Lockable type of switches which can be locked in particular positions shall be provided when specified. The key locks shall be fitted on the operating handles.

13.7. The contacts of all switches shall preferably open and close with snap action to minimise arcing. Contacts of switches shall be spring assisted and contact faces shall be with rivets of pure silver or silver alloy. Springs shall not be used as current carrying parts.

13.8. The contact combination and their operation shall be such as to give completeness to the interlock and function of the scheme.

13.9. The contact rating of the switches shall be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Contact Rating in Amps</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ammeter selection switches</td>
<td>Make-before-break type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltmeter transfer switches for AC</td>
<td>Suitable for reading all line- to-line and line-to-neutral voltages for non-effectively earthed systems and for reading all line to line voltages for effectively earthed systems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltage</td>
<td>220V DC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Make and carry</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuously</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Make and carry</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>for 0.5 sec.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Break for Resistive load</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Break for Inductive load</td>
<td>0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>with L/R = 40m sec.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14. **INDICATING LAMPS**

14.1. Indicating lamps shall be of cluster LED type suitable for panel mounting with rear terminal connections. Lamps shall be provided with series connected resistors preferably built in the lamp assembly. Lamps shall have translucent lamp covers to diffuse lights coloured red, green, amber, clear white or blue as specified. The lamp cover shall be preferably of screwed type, unbreakable and moulded from heat resisting material.

14.2. The lamps shall be provided with suitable resistors.

14.3. Lamps and lenses shall be interchangeable and easily replaceable from the front of the panel. Tools, if required for replacing the bulbs and lenses shall also be included in the scope of the supply.

14.4. The indicating lamps with resistors shall withstand 120% of rated voltage on a continuous basis.

15. **POSITION INDICATORS** (if Applicable)

15.1. Position indicators of "SEMAPHORE" type shall be provided when specified as part of the mimic diagrams on panels for indicating the position of circuit breakers, isolating/earthing switches etc. The indicator shall be suitable for semi-flush mounting with only the front disc projecting out and with terminal connection from the rear. Their strips shall be of the same colour as the associated mimic.

15.2. Position indicator shall be suitable for DC Voltage as specified. When the supervised object is in the closed position, the pointer of the indicator shall take up a position in line with the mimic bus bars, and at right angles to them when the object is in the open position. When the supply failure to the indicator occurs, the pointer shall take up an intermediate position to indicate the supply failure.
15.3. The rating of the indicator shall not exceed 2.5 W.

15.4. The position indicators shall withstand 120% of rated voltage on a continuous basis.

16. **SYNCHRONISING EQUIPMENT**

16.1. For sub-station equipped with sub-station Automation system, the requirement of synchronisation is specified in section Sub-station Automation System and the same shall prevail. For other sub-station which is not equipped with Sub-sub-station automation system following shall be applicable as per requirement.

16.1. The synchronising instruments shall be mounted either on a synchronising trolley or on a synchronising panel. The panel/ trolley shall be equipped with double analog voltmeters and double analog frequency meters, synchroscope and lamps fully wired. The size of voltmeters and frequency meters provided in the synchronising panel shall not be less than 144 X 144 sq.mm. Suitable auxiliary voltage transformers wherever necessary shall also be provided for synchronising condition. In case the synchroscope is not continuously rated, a synchroscope cut-off switch shall be provided and an indicating lamp to indicate that the synchroscope is energised, shall also be provided.

16.1. Synchronising check relay with necessary ancillary equipment’s shall be provided which shall permit breakers to close after checking the requirements of synchronising of incoming and running supply. The phase angle setting shall not exceed 35 degree and have voltage difference setting not exceeding 10%. This relay shall have a response time of less than 200 milliseconds when the two system conditions are met within present limits and with the timer disconnected. The relay shall have a frequency difference setting not exceeding 0.45% at rated value and at the minimum time setting. The relay shall have an adjustable time setting range of 0.5-20 seconds. A guard relay shall be provided to prevent the closing attempt by means of synchronising check relay when control switch is kept in closed position long before the two systems are in synchronism.

16.1. The synchronising panel shall be draw out and swing type which can be swivelled in left and right direction. The synchronising panel shall be placed along with control panels and the number of synchronising panel shall be as indicated in BPS. The incoming and running bus wires of VT secondary shall be connected and run as bus wires in the control panels and will be extended to synchronising panel for synchronisation of circuit breakers. The selector switch provided for each circuit breaker in respective control panels shall be lockable type with a common key so that only one selector switch is kept in synchronising mode at a time.

16.1. Alternatively, the trolley shall be of mobile type with four rubber-paddling wheels capable of rotating in 360 degree around the vertical axis. Suitable bumpers with rubber padding shall be provided all around the trolley to prevent any accidental damage to any panel in the control room while the trolley is in movement. The trolley shall have two meter long flexible cord fully wired to the instruments and terminated in a plug in order to facilitate connecting the trolley to any of the panels. The
receptacle to accept the plug shall be provided on the panel.

16.1. At existing sub-stations, the synchronising scheme shall be engineered to be compatible with the existing synchronising scheme and synchronising socket/switch on the panel. In substations, where synchronising panels are available, the bidder shall carry out the shifting of the above panels, if required, to facilitate the extension of control panel placement.

17. RELAYS

17.1. All relays shall conform to the requirements of IS: 3231/IEC-60255/IEC 61000 or other applicable standards. Relays shall be suitable for flush or semi-flush mounting on the front with connections from the rear.

17.2. All protective relays shall be of numerical type and communication protocol shall be as per IEC 61850. Further, the test levels of EMI as indicated in IEC 61850 shall be applicable to these relays.

17.3. All protective relays shall be in draw out or plug-in type/modular cases with proper testing facilities. Necessary test plugs/test handles shall be supplied loose and shall be included in contractor's scope of supply.

17.4. All AC operated relays shall be suitable for operation at 50 Hz. AC Voltage operated relays shall be suitable for 110 Volts VT secondary and current operated relays for 1 amp CT secondary. All DC operated relays and timers shall be designed for the DC voltage specified, and shall operate satisfactorily between 80% and 110% of rated voltage. Voltage operated relays shall have adequate thermal capacity for continuous operation.

17.5. The protective relays shall be suitable for efficient and reliable operation of the protection scheme described in the specification. Necessary auxiliary relays and timers required for interlocking schemes for multiplying of contacts suitting contact duties of protective relays and monitoring of control supplies and circuits, lockout relay monitoring circuits etc. also required for the complete protection schemes described in the specification shall be provided. All protective relays shall be provided with at least two pairs of potential free isolated output contacts. Auxiliary relays and timers shall have pairs of contacts as required to complete the scheme; contacts shall be silver faced with spring action. Relay case shall have adequate number of terminals for making potential free external connections to the relay coils and contacts, including spare contacts.

17.6. Timers shall be of solid state type. Time delay in terms of milliseconds obtained by the external capacitor resistor combination is not preferred and shall be avoided.

17.7. No control relay, which shall trip the power circuit breaker when the relay is de-energised, shall be employed in the circuits.

17.8. Provision shall be made for easy isolation of trip circuits of each relay for the purpose of testing and maintenance.

17.9. Auxiliary seal-in-units provided on the protective relays shall preferably be of shunt reinforcement type. If series relays are used the following shall be strictly ensured:
(a) The operating time of the series seal-in-unit shall be sufficiently shorter than that of the trip coil or trip relay in series with which it operates to ensure definite operation of the flag indicator of the relay.

(b) Seal-in-unit shall obtain adequate current for operation when one or more relays operate simultaneously.

(c) Impedance of the seal-in-unit shall be small enough to permit satisfactory operation of the trip coil on trip relays when the D.C. Supply Voltage is minimum.

(d) Trip-circuit seal-in is required for all trip outputs, irrespective of the magnitude of the interrupted current. The trip-circuit seal-in logic shall not only seal-in the trip output(s), but also the relevant initiation signals to other scheme functions, (e.g. initiate signals to the circuit-breaker failure function, reclosing function etc.), and the alarm output signals.

(e) Two methods of seal-in are required, one based on the measurement of AC current, catering for those circumstances for which the interrupted current is above a set threshold, and one based on a fixed time duration, catering for those circumstances for which the interrupted current is small (below the set threshold).

(f) For the current seal-in method, the seal-in shall be maintained until the circuit-breaker opens, at which time the seal-in shall reset and the seal-in method shall not now revert to the fixed time duration method. For this seal-in method, the seal-in shall be maintained for the set time duration. For the line protection schemes, this time duration shall be independently settable for single- and three-pole tripping.

(g) Seal-in by way of current or by way of the fixed duration timer shall occur irrespective of whether the trip command originates from within the main protection device itself (from any of the internal protection functions), or from an external device with its trip output routed through the main protection device for tripping. Trip-circuit seal-in shall not take place under sub-harmonic conditions (e.g. reactor ring down).

17.10. The setting ranges of the relays offered, if different from the ones specified shall also be acceptable if they meet the functional requirements.

17.11. Any alternative/additional protections or relays considered necessary for providing complete effective and reliable protection shall also be offered separately. The acceptance of this alternative/ additional equipment shall lie with the POWERGRID.

17.12. All relays and their drawings shall have phase indications as R-Red, Y-yellow, B-blue

17.13. For numerical relays, the scope shall include the following:

a) Necessary software and hardware to up/down load the data to/from the relay from/to the personal computer installed in the substation. However, the supply of PC is not covered under this clause.

b) The relay shall have suitable communication facility for future connectivity to SCADA. The relay shall be capable of supporting IEC
c) In case of line protection and transformer/reactor protection, the features like fault recorder and event logging function as available including available as optional feature in these relays shall be supplied and activated at no extra cost to the owner. Also necessary software/hardware for automatic uploading to station HMI/DR work station (as applicable) shall be supplied. It is to be clearly understood that these shall be in addition to Fault recorder function as specified at clause no. 28.

18. **TRANSMISSION LINE PROTECTION**

18.1. All relays shall be suitable for series compensated line.

18.2. The line protection relays are required to protect the line and clear the faults on line within shortest possible time with reliability, selectivity and full sensitivity to all type of faults on lines. The general concept is to have two main protections having equal performance requirement specially in respect of time as called Main-I and Main-II for 765kV, 400KV and 220KV transmission lines and Main and back up protection for 132 KV transmission lines.

18.3. The Transmission system for which the line protection equipment are required is **indicated in Section – Project**

18.4. The maximum fault current could be as high as 63kA but the minimum fault current could be as low as 20% of rated current of CT secondary. The starting & measuring relays characteristics should be satisfactory under these extremely varying conditions.

18.5. The protective relays shall be suitable for use with capacitor voltage transformers having non-electronic damping and transient response as per IEC.

18.6. Fault Recorder, Distance to fault Locator and Over voltage relay (stage - 1/2) functions if offered as an integral part of line protection relays, shall be acceptable provided these meet the technical requirements as specified in the respective clauses.

18.7. Auto reclose relay function if offered as an integral part of line distance protection relay, shall be acceptable **for 132 KV lines only** provided the auto reclose relay feature meets the technical requirements as specified in the respective clause.

18.8. The following protections shall be provided for each of the Transmission lines:

**For 765 KV, 400 KV & 220KV**

**Main-I:** Numerical distance protection scheme

**Main-II:** Numerical distance protection scheme of a make different from that of Main –I

Further, If specified in the “Section- Project “, back up Over current and Earth fault protection shall be provided instead of Main -II protection scheme for 220KV lines to match with requirements at the remote ends.
For 132KV

Main: Numerical distance protection scheme

Back up: Directional Over Current and Earth fault Protection

The detailed description of line protections is given here under.

18.9. **Main-I and Main-II Distance Protection scheme:**

(a) shall have continuous self monitoring and diagnostic feature

(b) shall be non-switched type with separate measurements for all phase to phase and phase to ground faults

(c) shall have stepped time-distance characteristics and three independent zones (zone 1, zone-2 and zone-3)

(d) shall have mho or quadrilateral or other suitably shaped characteristics for zone-1, zone-2 and zone-3

(e) shall have following maximum operating time (including trip relay time, if any) under given set of conditions and with CVT being used on line (with all filters included)

(i) for 765 KV, 400 KV & 220 KV lines:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For Source to Impedance ratio:</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>15</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Relay setting (Ohms)</td>
<td>(10 or 20) and 2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fault Locations</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(as % of relay setting)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fault resistance (Ohms)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum operating time (Milliseconds)</td>
<td>40 for all faults</td>
<td>45 for 3 ph. Faults &amp; 60 for all other faults</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(ii) for 132 KV lines:

A relaxation of 5 ms in above timings is allowed for 132 KV lines.

(f) The relay shall have an adjustable characteristics angle setting range of 30 -85 degree or shall have independent resistance(R) and reactance (X) setting.

(g) shall have two independent continuously variable time setting range of 0-3 seconds for zone-2 and 0-5 seconds for zone-3

(h) shall have resetting time of less than 55 milli-seconds (including the resetting time of trip relays)

(i) shall have facilities for offset features with adjustable 10-20% of Zone-3 setting

(j) shall have variable residual compensation

(k) shall have memory circuits with defined characteristics in all three phases to ensure correct operation during close-up 3 phase faults and other adverse conditions and shall operate instantaneously when circuit breaker is closed to zero-volt 3 phase fault

(l) shall have weak end in-feed feature
(m) shall be suitable for single & three phase tripping
(n) shall have a continuous current rating of two times of rated current. The voltage circuit shall be capable of operation at 1.2 times rated voltage. The relay shall also be capable of carrying a high short time current of 70 times rated current without damage for a period of 1 sec.
(o) shall be provided with necessary self reset type trip duty contacts for completion of the scheme (Minimum number of these trip duty contacts shall be four per phase) either through built in or through separate high speed trip relays. Making capacity of these trip contacts shall be 30 amp for 0.2 seconds with an inductive load of L/R > 10 mill seconds. If separate high speed trip relays are used, the operating time of the same shall not be more than 10 milliseconds
(p) shall be suitable for use in permissive under reach/ over reach/ blocking communication mode
(q) shall have suitable number of potential free contacts for Carrier aided Tripping, Auto reclosing, CB failure, Disturbance recorder & Data acquisition system
(r) include power swing blocking protection which shall
   - have suitable setting range to encircle the distance protection described above
   - block tripping during power swing conditions
   - release blocking in the event of actual fault
(s) include fuse failure protection which shall monitor all the three fuses of C.V.T. and associated cable against open circuit
   - inhibit trip circuits on operation and initiate annunciation
   - have an operating time less than 7 milliseconds
   - remain inoperative for system earth faults
(t) include a directional back up Inverse Definite Minimum Time (IDMT) earth fault relay with normal inverse characteristics as per IEC 60255-3 as a built in feature or as a separate unit for 765kV, 400 KV and 220KV transmission lines
(u) Must have a current reversal guard feature.

18.10. **Back-up Directional Over Current and Earth fault protection scheme**

(a) shall have three over current and one earth fault element(s) which shall be either independent or composite unit(s)
(b) shall include necessary VT fuse failure relays for alarm purposes
(c) **over current elements** shall
   - have IDMT characteristic with a definite minimum time of 3.0 seconds at 10 times setting
   - have a variable setting range of 50-200% of rated current
• have a characteristic angle of 30/45 degree lead
• include hand reset flag indicators or LEDs

(d) earth fault element shall
• have IDMT characteristic with a definite minimum time of 3.0 seconds at 10 times setting
• have a variable setting range of 20-80% of rated current
• have a characteristic angle of 45/60 degree lag
• include hand reset flag indicators or LEDs
• include necessary separate interposing voltage transformers or have internal feature in the relay for open delta voltage to the relay

18.11. LINE OVER VOLTAGE PROTECTION RELAY shall
(a) monitor all three phases
(b) have two independent stages
(c) stage- I & II as built-in with line distance relays Main I & II respectively are acceptable
(d) have an adjustable setting range of 100-170% of rated voltage with an adjustable time delay range of 1 to 60 seconds for the first stage
(e) have an adjustable setting range of 100-170% of rated voltage with a time delay of 100-200 mill seconds for the second stage
(f) be tuned to power frequency
(g) provided with separate operation indicators (flag target) for each stage relays
(h) have a drop-off to pick-up ratio greater than 95%
(i) provide separate out-put contacts for each ‘Phase’ and stage for breaker trip relays, event logger and other scheme requirements

18.12. All trip relays used in transmission line protection scheme shall be of self/electrical reset type depending on application requirement.

19. CIRCUIT BREAKER PROTECTION:
This shall include following functions:

19.1. Numerical AUTO RECLOSING function shall
(a) have single phase reclosing facilities
(b) have a continuously variable single phase dead time range of 0.1-2 seconds
(c) have a continuously variable reclaim time range of 5-300 seconds
(d) Incorporate a two position selector switch, from which single phase auto-reclosure and non-auto reclosure mode can be selected. Alternatively, the mode of auto reclosing can be selected through
programming.

(e) be of single shot type

(f) have priority circuit to closing of both circuit breakers in case one and half breaker arrangements to allow sequential closing of breakers

(g) However, Auto-reclose as in built function of bay controller unit (BCU) (if supplied) provided for sub-station automation system is also acceptable.

19.2. **LOCAL BREAKER BACK-UP PROTECTION SCHEME** shall

(a) be triple pole type  
(b) have an operating time of less than 15 milli seconds  
(c) have a resetting time of less than 15 milli seconds  
(d) have three over current elements  
(e) be arranged to get individual initiation from the corresponding phase of main protections of line for each over current element. However, common three phase initiation is acceptable for other protections and transformer /reactor equipment protections  
(f) have a setting range of 20-80% of rated current  
(g) have a continuous thermal withstand two times rated current irrespective of the setting  
(h) have a timer with continuously adjustable setting range of 0.1-1 seconds  
(i) have necessary auxiliary relays to make a comprehensive scheme  
(j) be similar relays for complete scope of work as per specification

20. **REACTOR PROTECTION**

20.1. **Differential Protection Relay** shall

(a) be triple pole type  
(b) have operation time less than 25 milli-seconds at 5 times setting  
(c) be tuned to system frequency  
(d) have current setting range of 10 to 40% of 1 Amp. or a suitable voltage setting range  
(e) be high impedance / biased differential type  
(f) be stable for all external faults

20.2. **Restricted Earth Fault Protection Relay** shall

(a) be single pole type  
(b) be of current/voltage operated high impedance type  
(c) have a current setting of 10-40% of 1 Amp./have a suitable voltage setting range
(d) be tuned to system frequency
(e) have a suitable non-linear resistor to limit the peak voltage to 1000 Volts

20.3. Back up impedance protection Relay shall

(a) be triple pole type, with faulty phase identification/ indication
(b) be single step polarised 'mho' distance/ impedance relay suitable for measuring phase to ground and phase to phase faults
(c) have adequate ohmic setting range to cover at least 60% of the impedance of the reactor and shall be continuously variable
(d) have an adjustable characteristic angle of 30-80 degree
(e) have a definite time delay relay with a continuously adjustable setting range of 0.2-2.0 seconds
(f) include VT failure relay which shall block the tripping during VT fuse failure condition

20.4. Further, Reactor auxiliary protections contacts (Buchholz, PRV, Oil Temperature, Winding Temperature etc.) can be wired suitably in above protections or provide separate Flag relays/Auxiliary relays as per scheme requirements.

21. TRANSFORMER PROTECTION

All transformer protection functions may be grouped into Group-I and Group-II protections in the following manner:

Group-I Protection: Following protection functions may be provided in Group-I Transformer protection relay:

a) Differential Protection as per clause no. 21.1
b) Over fluxing Protection for HV side as per clause no. 21.2
c) Direction Over current and earth fault protection for HV side as per clause no. 21.4
d) Over Load Protection as per clause no. 21.5

Group-II Protection: Following protection functions may be provided in Group-II Transformer protection relay:

e) REF Protection as per clause no. 21.3
f) Over fluxing Protection for IV/LV side as per clause no. 21.2
g) Direction Over current and earth fault protection for IV/LV side as per clause no. 21.4
h) Neutral Current Relay for Single Phase Transformer Bank as per clause no. 21.6

The various protections as built-in function of Group I/II protections shall be accepted only if the functional requirements
of corresponding protections as specified in clause no. 21.1 to 21.6 are met otherwise separate protection relay(s) shall be offered.

21.1. Transformer differential protection scheme shall

(a) be triple pole type, with faulty phase identification/ indication
(b) have an operating time not greater than 30 milli seconds at 5 times the rated current
(c) have three instantaneous high set over-current units
(d) have an adjustable bias setting range of 20-50%
(e) be suitable for rated current of 1 Amp.
(f) have second harmonic or other inrush proof features and also should be stable under normal over fluxing conditions. Magnetising inrush proof feature shall not be achieved through any intentional time delay e.g. use of timers to block relay operation or using disc operated relays
(g) have an operating current setting of 15% or less
(h) include necessary separate interposing current transformers for angle and ratio correction or have internal feature in the relay to take care of the angle & ratio correction
(i) have a fault recording feature to record graphic form of instantaneous values of following analogue channels during faults and disturbances for the pre fault and post fault period:

   current in all three windings in nine analogue channels in case of 400kV class and above transformers or 6 analogue channels for lower voltage transformers and Voltage in one channel

The disturbance recorder shall have the facility to record the following external digital channel signals apart from the digital signals pertaining to differential relay:

1. REF protection operated
2. HV Breaker status (Main and tie)
3. IV Breaker status
4. Bucholz /OLTC Bucholz alarm / trip etc.
5. WTI/OTI/PRD alarm/trip of transformer etc.

Necessary hardware and software, for automatic up-loading the data captured by disturbance recorder to the personal computer (DR Work Station) available in the substation, shall be included in the scope.

21.2. Over Fluxing Protection Relays shall

(a) operate on the principle of Voltage to frequency ratio and shall be phase to phase connected
(b) have inverse time characteristics, matching with transformer over fluxing withstand capability curve
(c) provide an independent 'alarm' with the time delay continuously adjustable between 0.1 to 6.0 seconds at values of 'v/f' between 100% to 130% of rated values

(d) tripping time shall be governed by 'v/f' Vs. time characteristics of the relay

(e) have a set of characteristics for Various time multiplier settings. The maximum operating time of the relay shall not exceed 3 seconds and 1.5 seconds at 'v/f' values of 1.4 and 1.5 times, the rated values, respectively.

(f) have an accuracy of operating time, better than ±10%

(g) have a resetting ratio of 95 % or better

21.3. **Restricted Earth Fault Protection** shall

(a) be single pole type

(b) be of current/voltage operated type

(c) have a current setting range of 10-40% of 1 Amp./ have a suitable voltage setting range

(d) be tuned to the system frequency

21.4. **Back-up Over Current and Earth fault protection scheme with high set feature**

(a) Shall have three over current and one earth fault element(s) which shall be either independent or composite unit(s).

(b) The scheme shall include necessary VT fuse failure relays for alarm purposes

(c) Over current relay shall

- have directional IDMT characteristic with a definite minimum time of 3.0 seconds at 10 times setting and have a variable setting range of 50-200% of rated current
- have low transient, over reach high set instantaneous unit of continuously variable setting range 500-2000 % of rated current
- have a characteristic angle of 30/45 degree lead
- include hand reset flag indicators or LEDs.

(d) Earth fault relay shall

- have directional IDMT characteristic with a definite minimum time of 3.0 seconds at 10 times setting and have a variable setting range of 20-80% of rated current
- have low transient, over reach high set instantaneous unit of continuously variable setting range 200-800 % of rated current
- have a characteristic angle of 45/60 degree lag
• include hand reset flag indicators or LEDs
• include necessary separate interposing voltage transformers or have internal feature in the relay for open delta voltage to the relay

21.5. **Transformer Overload Protection Relay** shall
(a) be of single pole type
(b) be of definite time over-current type
(c) have one set of over-current relay element, with continuously adjustable setting range of 50-200% of rated current
(d) have one adjustable time delay relay for alarm having setting range of 1 to 10.0 seconds, continuously.
(e) have a drop-off/pick-up ratio greater than 95%.

21.6. **Transformer Neutral Current Protection relay** (for 1-Phase transformer bank neutral) shall
(a) have directional IDMT characteristic with a definite minimum time of 3.0 seconds at 10 times setting and have a variable setting range of 20-80% of rated current

21.7. Further, Transformer auxiliary protections contacts (Buchholz, PRV, Oil Temperature, Winding Temperature, OLTC Buchholz etc.) can be wired suitably in above protections or provide separate Flag relays/Auxiliary relays as per scheme requirements.

22. **TEE DIFFERENTIAL PROTECTION RELAYS**

22.1. **TEE-1 Differential protection relay** shall
(a) be triple pole type
(b) have an operating time less than 30 milliseconds at 5 times the rated current
(c) have three instantaneous high set over current units
(d) have an adjustable bias setting range of 20-50%
(e) have an operating current setting of 15% of 1 Amp or less

22.2. **TEE-2 Differential Protection relay** shall
(a) be triple pole type
(b) have operating time less than 25 milliseconds at 5 times setting
(c) be tuned to system frequency
(d) have current setting range of 20 to 80% of 1 Amp
(e) be voltage operated, high impedance type
(f) be stable for all external faults
(g) be provided with suitable non linear resistors across the relay to
limit the peak voltage to 1000 volts

23. **TRIP CIRCUIT SUPERVISION RELAY**
   
   (a) The relay shall be capable of monitoring the healthiness of each 'phase' trip-coil and associated circuit of circuit breaker during 'ON' and 'OFF' conditions.
   
   (b) The relay shall have adequate contacts for providing connection to alarm and event logger.
   
   (c) The relay shall have time delay on drop-off of not less than 200 milli seconds and be provided with operation indications for each phase.

24. **TRIPPING RELAY**
   
   High Speed Tripping Relay shall
   
   (a) be instantaneous (operating time not to exceed 10 milli-seconds).
   
   (b) reset within 20 milli seconds
   
   (c) be D.C. operated
   
   (d) have adequate contacts to meet the requirement of scheme, other functions like auto-reclose relay, LBB relay as well as cater to associated equipment like event logger, Disturbance recorder, fault Locator, etc.
   
   (e) be provided with operation indicators for each element/coil.

25. **DC SUPPLY SUPERVISION RELAY**
   
   (a) The relay shall be capable of monitoring the failure of D.C. supply to which, it is connected.
   
   (b) It shall have adequate potential free contacts to meet the scheme requirement.
   
   (c) The relay shall have a 'time delay on drop-off' of not less than 100 milli seconds and be provided with operation indicator/flag.

26. **BUS BAR PROTECTION**

26.1. Redundant (1+1) numerical Bus Bar protection scheme for each bus system (Bus1 +Bus2+Transfer Bus wherever applicable) for 400kV and 765kV shall be provided. The scheme shall be engineered so as to ensure that operation of any one out of two schemes connected to main faulty bus shall result in tripping of the same.

26.2. Single bus bar protection scheme shall be provided for each main bus and transfer bus (as applicable) for 220KV and 132 KV voltage levels

26.3. Each Bus Bar protection scheme shall
   
   (a) have maximum operating time up to trip impulse to trip relay for all types of faults of 25 milli seconds at 5 times setting value.
   
   (b) operate selectively for each bus bar
   
   (c) give hundred percent security up to 63 KA fault level for 400KV and 220KV and 31.5 KA for 132 KV
(d) incorporate continuous supervision for CT secondary against any possible open circuit and if it occurs, shall render the relevant zone of protection inoperative and initiate an alarm

(e) not give false operation during normal load flow in bus bars

(f) incorporate clear zone indication

(g) be of phase segregated and triple pole type

(h) provide independent zones of protection (including transfer bus if any). If the bus section is provided then each side of bus section shall have separate set of bus bar protection schemes

(i) include individual high speed electrically reset tripping relays for each feeder. However, in case of distributed Bus bar protection, individual trip relay shall not be required if bay unit is having trip duty contacts for breaker tripping.

(j) be transient free in operation

(k) include continuous D.C. supplies supervision

(l) not cause tripping for the differential current below the load current of heaviest loaded feeder. Contractor shall submit application check for the same.

(m) shall include necessary C.T. switching relays wherever C.T. switching is involved and have 'CT' selection incomplete alarm

(n) include protection 'IN/OUT' switch for each zone

(o) shall include trip relays, CT switching relays (if applicable), auxiliary CTs (if applicable) as well as additional power supply modules, input modules etc. as may be required to provide a Bus-bar protection scheme for the complete bus arrangement i.e. for all the bays or breakers including future bays as per the Single line diagram for new substations. However for extension of bus bar protection scheme in existing substations, scope shall be limited to the bay or breakers covered under this specification. Suitable panels (if required) to mount these are also included in the scope of the work.

(p) In case of distributed Bus bar Protection, the bay units for future bays may be installed in a separate panel and the same shall be located in switchyard panel room where bus bar protection panel shall be installed.

26.4. Built-in Local Breaker Backup protection feature as a part of bus bar protection scheme shall also be acceptable.

26.5. At existing substations, Bus-bar protection scheme with independent zones for each bus, will be available. All necessary co-ordination for 'AC' and 'DC' interconnections between existing schemes (Panels) and the bays proposed under the scope of this contract shall be fully covered by the bidder. Any auxiliary relay, trip relay, flag relay and multi tap auxiliary CTs (in case of biased differential protection) required to facilitate the operation of the bays covered under this contract shall be fully covered in the scope of the bidder..
26.6. The test terminal blocks (TTB) to be provided shall be fully enclosed with removable covers and made of moulded, non-inflammable plastic material with boxes and barriers moulded integrally. All terminals shall be clearly marked with identification numbers or letters to facilitate connection to external wiring. Terminal block shall have shorting, disconnecting and testing facilities for CT circuits.

27. WEATHER PROOF RELAY PANELS (If Applicable)

(a) This panel shall include necessary number of electrically reset relays each with at least eight contacts for isolator auxiliary contacts multiplication and for changing the CT and DC circuits to relevant zones of bus bar protection.

(b) The panel shall be sheet steel enclosed and shall be dust, weather and vermin proof. Sheet steel used shall be at least 2.0 mm thick and properly braced to prevent wobbling.

(c) The enclosures of the panel shall provide a degree of protection of not less than IP-55 (as per IS: 2147).

(d) The panel shall be of free standing floor mounting type or pedestal mounting type as per requirement.

(e) The panel shall be provided with double hinged doors with padlocking arrangement.

(f) All doors, removable covers and panels shall be gasketed all around with synthetic rubber gaskets Neoprene/EPDM generally conforming with provision of IS 11149. However, XLPE gaskets can also be used for fixing protective glass doors. Ventilating louvers, if provided shall have screens and filters. The screens shall be made of either brass or GI wire mesh.

(g) Cable entries shall be from bottom. Suitable removable cable gland plate shall be provided on the cabinet for this purpose.

(h) All sheet steel work shall be degreased, pickled, phosphated and then applied with two coats of zinc chromates primer and two coats of finishing synthetic enamel paint, both inside and outside. The colour of the finishing paint shall be light grey in accordance with shade no.697 of IS: 5.

(i) Suitable heaters shall be mounted in the panel to prevent condensation. Heaters shall be controlled by thermostats so that the cubicle temperature does not exceed 30°C. On-off switch and fuse shall be provided. Heater shall be suitable for 240V AC supply Voltage.

(j) The test terminal blocks (TTB) to be provided shall be fully enclosed with removable covers and made of moulded, non-inflammable plastic material with boxes and barriers moulded integrally. All terminals shall be clearly marked with identification numbers or letters to facilitate connection to external wiring. Terminal block shall have shorting, disconnecting and testing facilities for CT circuits.
facilities for CT circuits.

28. **FAULT RECORDER**

28.1. The fault recorder shall be provided for transmission line and the fault recorder as in-built feature of line distance relay is also acceptable provided the requirements of following clauses are met.

28.2. Fault recorder shall be microprocessor based and shall be used to record the graphic form of instantaneous values of voltage and current in all three phases, open delta voltage & neutral current, open or closed position of relay contacts and breakers during the system disturbances.

28.3. The Fault recorder shall consist of individual acquisition units, one for each feeder and an Evaluation unit which is common for the entire Substation. Whenever, more than one acquisition units are connected to an Evaluation unit, necessary hardware and software shall also be supplied for on line transfer of data from all acquisition units to Evaluation unit.

28.4. The acquisition unit is connected with evaluation unit being supplied as described in section sub-station automation through bus conforming to IEC 61850. In case of extension sub-station which is equipped with Sub-station Automation System based on IEC 61850, one set of evaluation software shall be supplied and loaded in existing fault recorder evaluation unit. Automatic uploading of disturbance files from acquisition unit to evaluation unit shall be done through existing station bus only conforming to IEC 61850. Necessary configuration/updation including hardware if any shall be in the scope of the contractor.

28.5. In case of extension of existing substation(s) which are without sub-station automation system, one set of Evaluation unit shall be supplied for each substation where ever disturbance recorders are required to be supplied along with necessary evaluation software as specified above. The Evaluation unit shall consist of a desktop personal computer (including at least 17” TFT colour monitor, mouse and keyboard) and printer. The desktop PC shall have Pentium - IV processor or better and having a clock speed 3.0GHz or better. The hard disk capacity of PC shall not be less than 300 GB and RAM capacity shall not be less than 3 GB

28.6. The evaluation unit hardware, for substations having SAS, shall be as described in clause no. 4.0 of section sub-station automation system.

28.7. Fault recorder shall have atleast 8 analogue and 16 digital channels for each feeder.

28.8. Acquisition units shall acquire the Disturbance data for the pre fault and post fault period and transfer them to Evaluation unit automatically to store in the hard disk. The acquisition units shall be located in the protection panels of the respective feeders.

28.9. The acquisition unit shall be suitable for inputs from current transformers with 1A rated secondary and capacitive voltage transformers with 63.5V (phase to neutral voltage) rated secondary. Any device required for processing of input signals in order to make the signals compatible to
the Fault recorder equipment shall form an integral part of it. However, such processing of input signals shall in no way distort its waveform.

28.10. The equipment shall be carefully screened, shielded, earthed and protected as may be required for its safe functioning. Also, the Fault recorder shall have stable software, reliable hardware, simplicity of maintenance and immunity from the effects of the hostile environment of EHV switchyard which are prone to various interference signals typically from large switching transients.

28.11. Necessary software for transferring the data automatically from local evaluation unit to a remote station and receiving the same at the remote station through owner's PLCC/VSAT/LEASED LINE shall be provided.

28.12. Evaluation software shall be provided for the analysis and evaluation of the recorded data made available in the PC under DOS/WINDOWS environment. The Software features shall include repositioning of analog and digital signals, selection and amplification of time and amplitude scales of each analogue and digital channel, calculation of MAX/MIN frequency, phase difference values, recording of MAX/MIN values etc. of analogue channel, group of signal to be drawn on the same axis etc, listing and numbering of all analogue and digital channels and current, voltage, frequency and phase difference values at the time of fault/tripping. Also, the software should be capable of carrying out Fourier /Harmonic analysis of the current and voltage wave forms. The Disturbance records shall also be available in COMTRADE format (IEEE standard- Common Format for Transient data Exchange for Power System)

28.13. The Evaluation unit shall be connected to the printer to obtain the graphic form of disturbances whenever desired by the operator.

28.14. Fault recorder acquisition units shall be suitable to operate from 220V DC or 110V DC as available at sub-station. Evaluation unit along with the printer shall normally be connected to 230V, single phase AC supply. In case of failure of AC supply, Evaluation unit and printer shall be switched automatically to the station DC through Inverter of adequate capacity which shall form a part of Fault recorder system. The inverter of adequate capacity shall be provided to cater the requirement specified in section sub-station automation clause no. 8.0 and DR evaluation unit.

28.15. The acquisition unit shall have the following features

(a) Facility shall exist to alarm operator in case of any internal faults in the acquisition units such as power supply fail, processor / memory fail etc and same shall be wired to annunciation system.

(b) The frequency response shall be 5 Hz on lower side and 250 Hz or better on upper side.

(c) Scan rate shall be 1000 Hz/channel or better.

(d) Pre-fault time shall not be less than 100 milliseconds and the post fault time shall not be less than 2 seconds (adjustable). If another system fault occurs during one post-fault run time, the recorder shall also be able to record the same. However, the total memory
of acquisition unit shall not be less than 5.0 seconds

(e) The open delta voltage and neutral current shall be derived either through software or externally by providing necessary auxiliary transformers.

(f) The acquisition unit shall be typically used to record the following digital channels:

1. Main CB R phase open
2. Main CB Y phase open
3. Main CB B phase open
4. Main-1 carrier received
5. Main-1 protection operated
6. Main/Tie/TBC Auto reclosed operated
7. Over Voltage-Stage-1/2 operated
8. Reactor/Stub/TEE-1/2/UF protection operated
9. Direct Trip received
10. Main-2 carrier received
11. Main-2/Back Up protection operated
12. Bus bar protection operated
13. LBB operated of main/tie/TBC circuit breaker
14. Tie/TBC CB R phase open
15. Tie/TBC CB Y phase open
16. Tie/TBC CB B phase open

(g) In case the Fault recorder is in-built part of line distance protection, above digital channels may be interfaced either externally or internally.

(h) Any digital signal can be programmed to act as trigger for the acquisition unit. Analog channels should have programmable threshold levels for triggers and selection for over or under levels should be possible.

28.16. The colour laser printer shall be provided which shall be compatible with the desktop PC and shall use Plain paper. The print out shall contain the Feeder identity, Date and time (in hour, minute and second up to 100th of a second), identity of trigger source and Graphic form of analogue and digital signals of all the channels. Two packets of A4 size paper (500 sheets in each packet) suitable for printer shall be supplied.

28.17. Each Fault recorder shall have its own time generator and the clock of the time generator shall be such that the drift is limited to \( \pm 0.5 \) seconds/day, if allowed to run without synchronisation. Further, Fault recorder shall have facility to synchronise its time generator from Time Synchronisation Equipment having output of following types

- Voltage signal: (0-5V continuously settable, with 50m Sec.
minimum pulse duration)

- Potential free contact (Minimum pulse duration of 50 m Sec.)
- IRIG-B
- RS232C

The recorder shall give annunciation in case of absence of synchronising within a specified time.

28.18. Substations where Time Synchronisation Equipment is not available, time generator of any one of the Fault recorders can be taken as master and time generators of other Fault recorders and Event loggers in that station shall be synchronised to follow the master.

29. **DISTURBANCE RECORDER** (for 765 KV Feeders only)

A separate numerical disturbance recording function shall be provided for each 765kV lines. The following requirements shall be met:

29.1. The disturbance recorder shall record the analogue values form of the instantaneous values of voltage and current in all three phases, the open delta voltage and the neutral current. The open or closed position of relay contacts and circuit breakers during system disturbances shall also be recorded.

29.2. The disturbance recorder shall comprise distributed individual acquisition units, one for each feeder and an evaluation unit which is common for the entire substation. The acquisition units shall acquire the disturbance data for the pre-fault, fault and post-fault periods and transfer them to the evaluation unit automatically for storage on a mass storage device. The acquisition unit shall be suitable for inputs from current transformers with 1 A rated secondaries and capacitive voltage transformers with 63.5 V (phase-to-neutral voltage) rated secondaries.

29.3. The acquisition units shall have the following features:

(a) A facility to alert the operator in the case of any internal faults (such as power supply fail, processor/memory fail etc.) in any of the acquisition units and this alarm shall be wired to the station annunciation system.

(b) The pre-fault time shall not be less than 200 milliseconds and the post fault time shall not be less than 2 seconds (adjustable). If another system disturbance occurs during a post-fault run time, the recorder shall also be able to record this subsequent disturbance. The scan rate should be selectable in the range from 1000 Hz to 5000 Hz.

(c) The open delta voltage and neutral current shall be derived either through software or externally by providing necessary auxiliary transformers.

(d) The acquisition unit shall be typically used to record the following digital channels:

1. Main circuit-breaker R-phase open
2. Main circuit-breaker Y-phase open
3. Main circuit-breaker B-phase open
4. Main 1 carrier received
5. Main 1 protection operated
6. Main/Tie auto-reclose operated
7. Overvoltage stage 1/2 operated
8. Reactor/Stub-1/2 protection operated
9. Direct trip received
10. Main 2 carrier received
11. Main 2 protection operated
12. Busbar protection operated
13. Breaker failure protection of main/tie circuit-breaker operated
14. Tie circuit-breaker R-phase open
15. Tie circuit-breaker Y-phase open
16. Tie circuit-breaker B-phase open

29.4. The necessary hardware and software shall also be supplied for the on-line transfer of data from all acquisition units to the evaluation unit. The disturbance recording system shall be capable of handling the full complement of feeders in the substation.

29.5. The disturbance recording equipment shall be screened, shielded, earthed and protected as may be required for its safe and proper functioning. Also, the disturbance recorder shall have stable software, reliable hardware, simplicity of maintenance and immunity from the effects of the hostile environment of a 765 kV EHV switchyard which is prone to numerous interference signals such as large switching transients.

29.6. The evaluation unit shall comprise all the necessary hardware and software for the proper evaluation of disturbances. The hardware would typically consist of a desktop personal computer (including a large high resolution colour monitor, mouse and keyboard) and a high-speed colour printer. The desktop PC shall have Pentium P4 processor or better and shall have a clock speed of 1600 MHz or better. The mass storage capacity of PC shall not be less than 32 GB and the RAM capacity shall not be less than 1 GB. The evaluation software required for the analysis and evaluation of the recorded data shall run on the PC under Microsoft Windows environment. The software features shall provide:

- clear and unambiguous display of all channels;
- the ability to reposition the analog and digital traces;
- recording of maximum/minimum values etc. of the analog channels;
• calculation of maximum/minimum frequency and phase difference values;
• grouping of signals for drawing on the same axis;
• listing and identification of all analog and digital channels as well as and current, voltage, frequency and phase difference values at the time of fault/tripping;
• the capability of carrying out Fourier/Harmonic analysis of the current and voltage waveforms; and,
• the availability of the disturbance records in COMTRADE format.

29.7. The evaluation unit shall be permanently connected to the printer so as to obtain the graphic display of disturbances whenever desired by the operator. The printer shall be compatible with the desktop PC and shall use plain paper. The print out shall contain the feeder identity, date and time (in hour, minute and second up to 100th of a second), identity of the trigger source and graphic representation of the analog and digital signals of all the channels.

29.8. The disturbance recorder acquisition units shall be suitable to operate from the station DC. The evaluation unit along and the printer shall normally be connected to the 230 V, single phase AC supply. In the case of a failure of the AC supply, the evaluation unit and printer shall be automatically switched to the station DC through an inverter of adequate capacity and which shall form part of disturbance recording system.

29.9. The disturbance recorder shall be capable of being triggered by the following user-specified quantities:

(a) external start, both software and hardware
(b) cross triggering of groups of channels, either software or hardware or both
(c) binary channel (NO and NC contacts)
(d) over voltage and under voltage
(e) over current
(f) negative sequence voltage
(g) zero sequence voltage
(h) rate of change, voltage or current
(i) over frequency or under frequency
(j) logical or Boolean expressions, programmable
(k) power swing
(l) rate of change of active or reactive power

29.10. The disturbance recorder shall have its own time generator and the clock of the time generator shall be such that the drift is limited to less than ± 0.5 seconds per day, if allowed to run without synchronisation. Further, the disturbance recorder shall have the facility to synchronise its
time generator from the station Time Synchronisation Equipment using IRIG-B. The recorder shall give an alarm in the case of the absence of the synchronising pulse for a pre-determined time.

30. **DISTANCE TO FAULT LOCATOR** shall
   
a) be electronic or microprocessor based type

b) be 'On-line' type

c) be suitable for breaker operating time of 2 cycles

d) have built-in display unit

e) the display shall be directly in percent of line length or kilometres without requiring any further calculations

f) have an accuracy of 3% or better for the typical conditions defined for operating timings measurement of distance relays

g) The above accuracy should not be impaired under the following conditions:
   
   • presence of remote end infeed
   • predominant D.C. component in fault current
   • high fault arc resistance
   • severe CVT transients

h) shall have mutual zero sequence compensation unit if fault locator is to be used on double circuit transmission line

i) built in feature of line distance relay is acceptable provided the requirements of above clauses are met

31. **TIME SYNCHRONISATION EQUIPMENT**

31.1. The Time synchronisation equipment shall receive the co-ordinated Universal Time (UTC) **transmitted** through Geo Positioning Satellite System (GPS) and synchronise equipments to the Indian Standard Time in a substation.

31.2. Time synchronisation equipment shall include antenna, all special cables and processing equipment etc.

31.3. It shall be compatible for synchronisation of Event Loggers, Disturbance recorders and SCADA at a substation through individual port or through Ethernet realised through optic fibre bus.

31.4. Equipment shall operate up to the ambient temperature of 50 degree centigrade and 80% humidity.

31.5. The synchronisation equipment shall have 2 micro-second accuracy. Equipment shall give real time corresponding to IST (taking into consideration all factors like voltage, & temperature variations, propagation & processing delays etc).

31.6. Equipment shall meet the requirement of IEC 60255 for storage & operation.

31.7. The system shall be able to track the satellites to ensure no interruption
of synchronisation signal.

31.8. The output signal from each port shall be programmable at site for either one hour, half hour, minute or second pulse, as per requirement.

31.9. The equipment offered shall have six (6) output ports. Various combinations of output ports shall be selected by the customer, during detailed engineering, from the following:

- Potential free contact (Minimum pulse duration of 50 milli Seconds.)
- IRIG-B
- RS232C
- SNTP Port

31.10. The equipment shall have a periodic time correction facility of one second periodicity.

31.11. Time synchronisation equipment shall be suitable to operate from 220V DC or 110V DC as available at Substation.

31.12. Equipment shall have real time digital display in hour, minute, second (24 hour mode) & have a separate time display unit to be mounted on the top of control panels having display size of approx. 100 mm height.

32. RELAY TEST KIT

32.1. One relay test kit shall comprise of the following equipment as detailed here under

- 3 sets Relay tools kits
- 2 nos. Test plugs for TTB
- 2 nos. Test plugs for using with modular type relays (if applicable)

33. TYPE TESTS

33.1. The reports for following type tests shall be submitted during detailed engineering for the Protective relays, Fault Recorder, Fault locator and Disturbance recorder:

a) Insulation tests as per IEC 60255-5
b) DC Voltage dips and interruptions/Variation as per IEC 6100-4-29.
c) High frequency disturbance test as per IEC 61000-4 16, Class IV (Not applicable for electromechanical relays)
d) Electrostatic discharges as per IEC 61000-4-2, level; 4 (not applicable for Electromechanical relays)
e) Fast transient test as per IEC 61000, Level IV (Not applicable for electromechanical relays)
f) Relay characteristics, performance and accuracy test as per IEC 60255
   - Steady state Characteristics and operating time
• Dynamic Characteristics and operating time for distance protection relays and current differential protection relays
• Conformance test as per IEC 61850-10.

For Fault recorder, Disturbance recorder; only performance tests are intended under this item.

g) Tests for thermal and mechanical requirements as per IEC 60255-6
h) Tests for rated burden as per IEC 60255-6
i) Contact performance test as per IEC 60255-0-20 (not applicable for Distance to fault locator and Disturbance recorder)

In case there is a change either in version or in model (Except firmware) of the relay, the contractor has to submit the type test reports for the offered revision/model.

33.2. Steady state & Dynamic characteristics test reports on the distance protection relays, as type test, shall be based on test programme specified in Appendix A on simulator/network analyser/PTL. Alternatively, the files generated using Electromagnetic transient Programme (EMTP) can also be used for carrying out the above tests. Single source dynamic tests on transformer differential relay shall be/should have been conducted based on general guidelines specified in CIGRE committee 34 report on Evaluation of characteristics and performance of Power system protection relays and protective systems.

34. CONFIGURATION OF RELAY AND PROTECTION PANELS

The following is the general criteria for the selection of the equipments to be provided in each type of panel. However, contractor can optimise the requirement of panels by suitably clubbing the feeder protection and CB relay panels. It may be noted that Main-I and Main-II protections for line can not be provided in single panel. Similarly, Group-I & Group-II protections for transformer can not be provided in single panel.

CONTROL PANEL

Various types of control panels shall consist of the following

a Ammeter 3 set for each Line, BC, TBC  
       Bus section , Bus Reactor and Transformer

b Ammeter with Selector switch 1 set for each line reactor

c Wattmeter with transducer 1 set for each line, transformer

d Varmeter with transducer 1 set for each line, transformer, Bus reactor

e Varmeter with transducer 1 set for each Line Reactor

f CB Control switch 1 no. for each Circuit breaker
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>g</td>
<td>Isolator Control switch</td>
<td>1 no.</td>
<td>for each isolator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>h</td>
<td>Semaphore</td>
<td>1 no.</td>
<td>for each earth switch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i</td>
<td>Red indicating lamp</td>
<td>1 no.</td>
<td>for each Circuit breaker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>j</td>
<td>Red indicating lamp</td>
<td>1 no.</td>
<td>for each isolator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>k</td>
<td>Green indicating lamp</td>
<td>1 no.</td>
<td>for each Circuit breaker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>l</td>
<td>Green indicating lamp</td>
<td>1 no.</td>
<td>for each isolator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>m</td>
<td>White indicating lamp</td>
<td>2 nos</td>
<td>for each feeder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(DC healthy lamp)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n</td>
<td>Annunciation windows with</td>
<td>18 nos</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>associated annunciation relays</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o</td>
<td>Push button for alarm</td>
<td>3 nos</td>
<td>for each control panel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Accept/reset/lamp test</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>p</td>
<td>Synchronising Socket</td>
<td>1 no.</td>
<td>for each Circuit Breaker if required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>q</td>
<td>Synchronising selector Switch</td>
<td>1 no.</td>
<td>for each Circuit Breaker switch if required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>r</td>
<td>Protection Transfer Switch</td>
<td>1 no.</td>
<td>for each breaker in case of DMT /DM*/SMT schemes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Except TBC and BC breaker) - * with by pass isolator</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>s</td>
<td>Mimic to represent SLD</td>
<td>Lot</td>
<td>in all control panels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>t</td>
<td>Voltmeter with selector Switch</td>
<td>1 no.</td>
<td>for each line, transformer, bus reactor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>u</td>
<td>Cut out, mounting and</td>
<td>Lot</td>
<td>for transformers/reactors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>wiring for RWTI and selector switch</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**

1. For transformer feeders, all equipments of control panel shall be provided separately for HV and MV sides.
2. In case of incomplete diameter (D and I type layouts), control panel shall be equipped fully as if the diameter is complete, unless otherwise specified. Annunciation relays shall also be provided for the same and if required, necessary panel shall be supplied to accommodate the same.
3. The above list of equipments mentioned for control panel is generally applicable unless it is defined elsewhere and in case of bay extension in existing substations, necessary equipments for matching the existing control panel shall be supplied.
4. Common synchronising switch is also acceptable in Synchronising trolley for new Substations. In this case, individual synchronising selector switch is not required for each Circuit Breaker in control panel.
5. Each line /HV side of transformer/MV/LV side of transformer /Bus reactor /TBC /BC/ Bus Section shall be considered as one feeder for above purpose.

**LINE PROTECTION PANEL**

The Line Protection panel for transmission lines shall consist of following protection features/schemes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>765/400kV</th>
<th>220kV</th>
<th>132kV</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Main-1 Numerical Distance protection scheme</td>
<td>1 Set</td>
<td>1 Set</td>
<td>1 Set</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Main-2 Numerical Distance protection scheme</td>
<td>1 Set</td>
<td>1 Set</td>
<td>NIL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Over Voltage Protection Scheme</td>
<td>1 Set</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>NIL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Fault Recorder</td>
<td>1 Set</td>
<td>1 Set</td>
<td>NIL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td><strong>Disturbance Recorder</strong>*</td>
<td>1 Set</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>NIL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Distance to fault Locator</td>
<td>1 Set</td>
<td>1 Set</td>
<td>1 Set</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>3 Phase Trip Relays</td>
<td>2 Nos.</td>
<td>2 Nos.</td>
<td>2 Nos.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Flag relays, carrier receive relays, aux. Relays, timers etc as per scheme requirements</td>
<td>As required</td>
<td>As required</td>
<td>As required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Under Voltage protection relay for isolator/earth switch</td>
<td>2 Nos</td>
<td>2 Nos</td>
<td>2 Nos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Cut-out and wiring with TTB for POWERGRID supplied energy meter</td>
<td>1 Set</td>
<td>1 Set</td>
<td>1 Set</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Directional Back up Over current and E/F protection scheme</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>1 Set</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Applicable for 765kV Lines Only

In a substation where 765kV, 400kV and 220 KV lines are under the scope of the contract, bidder is required to give identical Main-1 and Main-2 distance protection schemes for all voltage levels.

**TRANSFORMER PROTECTION PANEL**

The protection panel for Auto transformer/Transformer shall consists of the following features/schemes:
### C/ENGG/SPEC/CRP

**Sl. No.** | **Description** | **HV side** | **MV/LV side**
--- | --- | --- | ---
1. | Transformer Differential Protection scheme | 1 Nos. | Nil |
2. | Restricted Earth fault protection scheme | 1 no. | 1 no@ |
   @ Not applicable for auto-transformer
3. | Directional back up O/C and E/F relay with non-directional high set feature | 1 set | 1 set |
4. | Over Fluxing Protection scheme | 1 no. | 1 no.$ |
   $ Applicable only for 400/220kV Transformer & 765/400 Transformer
5. | Overload protection scheme | 1 nos. | NIL |
6. | Three phase trip relays | 2 nos. | 2 nos. |
7. | CVT selection relays as per scheme requirement | Lot | Lot |
8. | Cut-out and wiring with TTB for POWERGRID supplied energy meter | 1 set | 1 set |
9. | Transformer Neutral Current relay for 1-Phase transformer bank | | 1 Set |
10. | **Flag Relays/Aux. Relays for wiring Transformer auxiliary protection contacts such as Buchholz, Oil Temperature, Winding Temperature, PRV, OLTC Buchholz etc. as per scheme requirements** | As required | |

The above protection schemes may be clubbed in Group-I/II as per clause no. 21 of technical specification.

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**REACTOR PROTECTION PANEL**

The protection panel for Reactor shall consist of the following protection features/schemes:

**Sl. No.** | **Description** | **Qty.**
--- | --- | ---
1. | Reactor Differential Protection scheme | 1 no. |
2. | Restricted Earth fault Protection scheme | 1 no. |
3. | Reactor back up impedance protection scheme | 1 set |
4. | Three phase trip relays | 2 nos. |
5. | CVT selection relay as per scheme requirement | Lot |
6. **Flag Relays/Aux. Relays for wiring** Reactor auxiliary protection contacts such as Buchholz, Oil Temperature, Winding Temperature, PRV etc. as per scheme requirements | As required |

---

**BREAKER RELAY PANEL**

The breaker relay panel shall comprise of the following:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>With A/R</th>
<th>With out A/R</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Breaker failure Protection Scheme</td>
<td>1 No.</td>
<td>1 No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>DC supply Supervision relay</td>
<td>2 Nos.</td>
<td>2 Nos.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Trip Circuit supervision relays#</td>
<td>6 Nos.</td>
<td>6 Nos.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Auto-reclose scheme (if standalone)</td>
<td>1 Nos.</td>
<td>NIL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Flag relays, aux relays, timers, trip relays as per scheme requirements</td>
<td>As required</td>
<td>As required</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

# Trip supervision relays shall be 2 or 6 numbers as per no. of trip coils for each 132KV Circuit breaker

**Note:** Equipment/relays to be provided under CB Relay Panel may be accommodated in the Protection Panels to be provided for Transmission Line/Transformer/Reactor as applicable.

### 35. ERECTION AND MAINTENANCE TOOL EQUIPMENTS

All special testing equipment required for the installation and maintenance of the apparatus, instruments devices shall be furnished in relevant schedule.

### 36. TROPICALISATION

Control room will be normally air-cooled/air- conditioned. All equipments shall however be suitable for installation in a tropical monsoon area having hot, humid climate and dry and dusty seasons with ambient conditions specified in the specification. All control wiring, equipment and accessories shall be protected against fungus growth, condensation, vermin and other harmful effects due to tropical environment.

### 37. MONITORING, CONTROL & PROTECTION FOR AUXILIARY TRANSFORMER

Suitable monitoring, control (operation of associated circuit breaker & isolator) and protection for 630/800/1000KVA transformer, connected to tertiary winding of auto transformer for the purpose of auxiliary supply shall be provided by the contractor. Over current and open delta protection is required to be provided for the auxiliary transformer. These protection and control shall be also be acceptable as built in feature either in the bay controller to be provided for the auxiliary system or in the control & protection IEDs to be provided for autotransformer.
Test programme for distance relays

General Comments:

1. These test cases are evolved from the report of working group 04 of study committee 34 (Protection) on evaluation of characteristics and performance of power system protection relays and protective systems. For any further guidelines required for carrying out the tests, reference may be made to the above document.

2. The test shall be carried out using network configuration and system parameters as shown in the figure-1

3. All denotations regarding fault location, breakers etc are referred in figure –1

4. The fault inception angles are referred to R- N voltage for all types of faults

5. The fault inception angle is zero degree unless otherwise specified

6. Where not stated specifically, the fault resistance (Rf) shall be zero or minimum as possible in simulator

7. Single pole circuit breakers are to be used

8. The power flow in double source test is 500 MW

System parameters

System voltage =400KV
CTR= 1000/1
PTR = 400000/110 (with CVT, the parameters of CVT model are shown in figure –2)

Line parameters/km
Positive Sequence Resistance, (r1) = 0.02897 \( \Omega \)
Positive Sequence Reactance (x1) = 0.3072 Ω
Zero Sequence Resistance (r0) = 0.2597 Ω
Zero Sequence Reactance (x1) = 1.0223 Ω
Zero Sequence Mutual Resistance (rm) = 0.2281 Ω
Zero Sequence Mutual Reactance (xm) = 0.6221 Ω
Zero Sequence susceptance (bo) = 2.347 µ mho
Positive Sequence susceptance (b1) = 3.630 µ mho

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of line</th>
<th>Short</th>
<th>Long</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Secondary line impedance</td>
<td>2 Ω</td>
<td>20 Ω*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Length of line in Kms</td>
<td>23.57</td>
<td>235.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIR</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source impedance (pry) (at a time constant of 50 ms)</td>
<td>29.09 Ω (5500 MVA)</td>
<td>109.09 Ω (1467 MVA)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Alternatively, the tests can be done with 10 Ω secondary impedance and source impedance may accordingly be modified

CVT Model

![CVT Model Diagram]

- XC1: 1.455 µ mho
- XC2: 27.646 µ mho
### Details of fault cases to be done

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Slno</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Single source with short line (2 Ω)</th>
<th>Single source long line (20 Ω)</th>
<th>Double source with short double line (2 Ω)</th>
<th>Double source with long single line (20 Ω)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Dynamic accuracy for zone 1</td>
<td>CLOSE C1, OPEN C2, C3, C4</td>
<td>CLOSE C1, OPEN C2, C3, C4</td>
<td>CLOSE C1, C2, C3, C4</td>
<td>CLOSE C1, C3 OPEN C2, C4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SIR = 4</td>
<td>SIR = 15</td>
<td>SIR = 4</td>
<td>SIR = 4</td>
<td>SIR = 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tests to be done at 2 locations (84 % and 76 % of line length) X 4 faults (RN, YB, YBN, RYB) X 2 fault inception angle (0°, 90°) = 16 cases</td>
<td>Tests to be done at 2 locations (84 % and 76 % of line length) X 4 faults (RN, YB, YBN, RYB) X 2 fault inception angle (0°, 90°) = 16 cases</td>
<td>Tests to be done at 2 locations (84 % and 76 % of line length) X 4 faults (RN, YB, YBN, RYB) X 2 fault inception angle (0°, 90°) = 16 cases</td>
<td>Tests to be done at 2 locations (84 % and 76 % of line length) X 4 faults (RN, YB, YBN, RYB) X 2 fault inception angle (0°, 90°) = 16 cases</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Operating time for zone 1 at SIR = 4</td>
<td>Tests to be done at 3 locations (0%, 40% and 64% of line length) X 4 faults (RN, YB, YBN, RYB) X 4 fault inception</td>
<td>Tests to be done at 3 locations (0%, 40% and 64% of line length) X 4 faults (RN, YB, YBN, RYB) X 4 fault inception</td>
<td>Tests to be done at 1 location (40 % of line length) X 4 faults (RN, YB, YBN, RYB) X 4 fault inception angle</td>
<td>Tests to be done at 1 location (40 % of line length) X 4 faults (RN, YB, YBN, RYB) X 4 fault inception angle (0°, 30°, 60°)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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RI: 320 Ω  
XLI: 34243 Ω  
Ra: 4.200 Ω  
Xla: 197.92 Ω  
Rc: 14.00 Ω  

Transformation ratio of Intermediate transformer: 181.8
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl No</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Single source with short line (2 Ω)</th>
<th>Single source long line (20 Ω)</th>
<th>Double source with short double line (2 Ω)</th>
<th>Double source with long single line (20 Ω)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>angle (0°, 30°, 60° and 90°) = 48 cases</td>
<td>angle (0°, 30°, 60° and 90°) = 48 cases</td>
<td>inception angle (0°, 30°, 60° and 90°) = 48 cases</td>
<td>(0°, 30°, 60° and 90°) = 16 cases and 90°) = 16 cases</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Operating time for zone II and Zone III</td>
<td>Tests to be done at 1 location (100% of line length) X 1 faults (RN, YB, YBN, RYB) X 2 zones (II and III) = 2 cases</td>
<td>Tests to be done at 1 location (100% of line length) X 1 faults (RN, YB, YBN, RYB) X 2 zones (II and III) = 2 cases</td>
<td>Tests to be done at 1 location (100% of line length) X 1 faults (RN, YB, YBN, RYB) X 2 zones (II and III) = 2 cases</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Switch on to fault feature</td>
<td></td>
<td>Tests to be done at 2 location (0% and 32%) X 1 faults (RYB) Any fault inception angle = 2 cases</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Operation during current reversal</td>
<td></td>
<td>Tests to be done at 2 location (0% and 80% of line length) X 1 faults (RN) X 1 fault inception angle (0 degrees) = 2 cases</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>CLOSE C1, OPEN C2, C3, C4</td>
<td>CLOSE C1, OPEN C2, C3, C4</td>
<td>CLOSE C1, C2, C3, C4</td>
<td>CLOSE C1, C3 OPEN C2, C4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SIR=4</td>
<td>SIR=15</td>
<td>SIR=4</td>
<td>SIR = 4</td>
<td>SIR=4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Operation at simultaneous</td>
<td></td>
<td>Tests to be done at 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S/no</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Single source with short line (2 Ω)</td>
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<td>Double source with long single line (20 Ω)</td>
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<td>------</td>
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<td>--------------------------------------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>s faults</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>location (8 % and 64 % of line length) X 2 faults (RN in circuit 1 to BN in circuit 2 and RN in circuit 1 to RYN in circuit 2 in 10 ms) X 1 fault inception angle (0°) = 4 cases (*1)</td>
<td>Tests to be done at 1 location (0% reverse) X 6 faults (RN, YB, YBN, RYB, RN with Rf=13.75 ohm/sec and RYN with Rf=13.75 Ohm/sec) X 2 fault inception angle (0°, 90°) = 12 cases</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Directional sensitivity</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Tests to be done at 1 location (0% reverse) X 6 faults (RN, YB, YBN, RYB, RN with Rf=13.75 ohm/sec and RYN with Rf=13.75 Ohm/sec) X 2 fault inception angle (0°, 90°) = 12 cases</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Limit for fault resistance</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Tests to be done at 2 location (0% and 68 % of line length) X 1 fault (RN with Rf=13.75 ohm/sec) X 2 fault inception angle (0°, 90°) = 4 cases</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Operation at evolving faults</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Tests to be done at 2 location (32 % and 0% of line)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tech Specification, Section: Control and Relay Panels
C/ENGG/SPEC/C&R  REV NO: 07
Page 5 of 6
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sino</th>
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<th>Double source with long single line (20Ω)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Fault locator function, in case the same is offered as built-in feature</td>
<td>Measure fault location for all cases under 1 and 2</td>
<td>Measure fault location for all cases under 1 and 2</td>
<td>Measure fault location for all cases under 1 and 2</td>
<td>Measure fault location for all cases under 1, 2, 7 and 9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

length) X 2 faults (RN to RYN) x in 2 timings (10 ms and 30 ms) X 2 load direction (from A to B and from B to A) = 16 cases